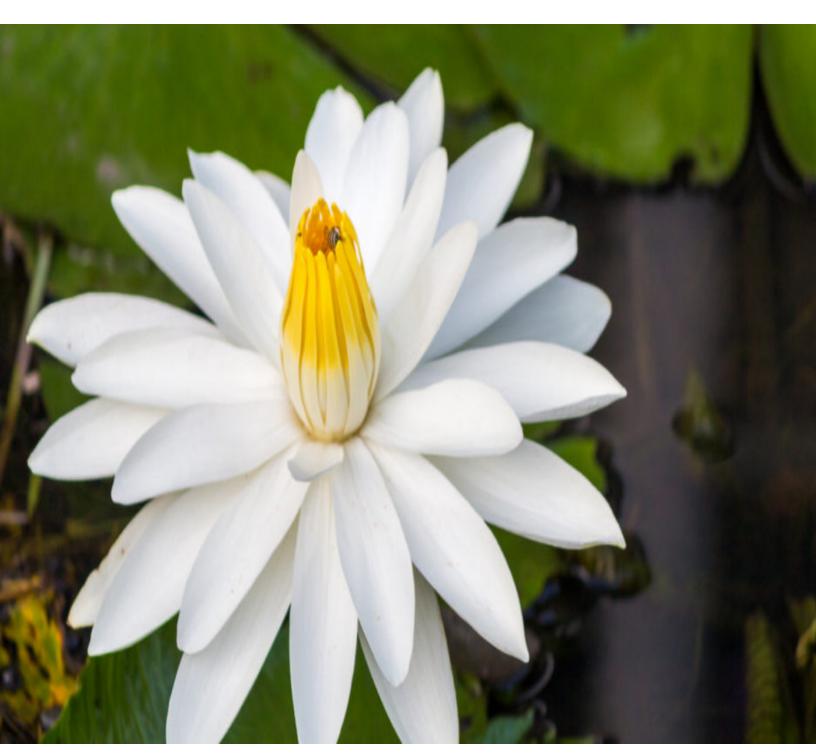
## HAND - IN- HAND TRUST



## CORPORATION INC.

MEMBER OF THE HAND IN HAND GROUP OF COMPANIES



Victoria Regia Lily

20th ANNUAL REPORT 2021



#### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

**NOTICE IS HEREBY** given that the **TWENTIETH** Annual General Meeting of the HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. will be held at the Board Room of the Hand-in-Hand Trust Corporation Inc., 62-63 Middle Street, North Cummingsburg, Georgetown on Thursday, June 02, 2022 at 10:00 a.m for the following purposes:

- 1. To receive the report of the Directors and the Corporation's Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.
  - To consider and (if thought fit) pass the following Resolution:
  - "That the Audited Financial Statements for the period ended December 31, 2021 and the Reports of the Directors' and Auditors' thereon be adopted"
- 2. To elect Directors.
- 3. To fix the remuneration of the Directors.
- 4. To appoint Auditors and authorized the Directors to fix their remuneration.
- 5. To consider any other business that may be conducted at an Annual General Meeting

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD,

adle St. N/C'burg

T. Parmesarmpany Secretary

29th April, 2022

Registered Office:

62-63 Middle Street North Cummingsburg, Georgetown.

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#### BACKGROUND

In May, 1971 the Guyana National Co-operative Bank (G.N.C.B) established a Trust Department to carry out the various Trust Services which was incorporated as the GNCB Trust Company Limited on the 28th December, 1971, a wholly owned subsidiary of the G.N.C.B., with its own Board of Directors.

On the 3rd February, 1977 the GNCB Trust Company Limited was reconstituted and established as the GNCB Trust Corporation.

On the 6th January, 1999 the GNCB Trust Corporation was incorporated under the Companies Act of Guyana into a public company limited by shares, by order #24/1998 and known as the GNCB Trust Corporation Inc.

On the 20th November, 2002, the Hand-in-Hand Mutual Fire Insurance Company Limited acquired ninety percent (90%) of the shares of the GNCB Trust Corporation Inc. and the Government of Guyana retained the remaining ten percent (10%) through its holding company, National Industrial and Commercial Investments Limited.

On the 14th March, 2003, the Hand-in-Hand Mutual Life Assurance Company Limited and the Guyana Cooperative Insurance Services Inc. (G.C.I.S.) acquired three hundred and seventy-five thousand (375,000) and two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) shares respectively from the Hand-in-Hand Mutual Fire Insurance Company Limited.

On the 29th October, 2004, the Hand-in-Hand Trust Corporation Inc. was converted to a private company in accordance with the Companies Act 89:01 (1991).

On the 26th February 2009, the authorized share capital was increased by 5,000,000 to 7,500,000 shares.

#### Background cont'd.

The share issue as at December 31st 202 is:

	TOTAL SHARE-HOLDING		7,500,000
4)	National Industrial and Commercial Investments Limited	-	250,000
3)	G.C.I.S. Incorporated	-	750,000
2)	Hand-in-Hand Mutual Life Assurance Company Limited	-	1,125,000
1)	Hand-in-Hand Mutual Fire Insurance Company Limited	-	5,375,000

#### MISSION STATEMENT

#### Generally

 To complement the services provided by other institutions the sum of which is the improvement of the quality of life of the people of our Country.

#### Specifically

- 1. To provide the highest level of financial services in a friendly and professional manner
- 2. To encourage Credit facilities with emphasis on Commercial Loans and other financial services such as Savings & Investments, Share Brokerage, Property Management, Cambio Services, Pension Plan Trusteeship and Safe Deposit Boxes

As a member of the HAND-IN-HAND GROUP of COMPANIES we are committed to providing quality financial services and sound financial management in order to maintain earnings for our continued growth and to provide our employees with a challenging and rewarding career.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

MR. PAUL A. CHAN-A-SUE, C.C.H., F.C.A

**CHAIRMAN** 

→ MR. KEITH EVELYN, B.A.(Hons) Sheff.Hallam., B.Sc.UMIST.,
M.B.A. Liv., A.C.I.B., F.C.I.I., M.C.I.B.S.,
Chartered Insurer, Chartered Banker

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR** 

- → DR. IAN A. MC DONALD, A.A., M.A. (Hons) Cantab., F.R.S.L., Hon D.LITT. UWI
- MR. T. ALAN PARRIS, B.A. (Econs.), M.A (Econs. & Ed.)
- → MR. TROY CADOGAN, M.B.A., (Business Administrations & Management)., UWI

#### **Report on Behalf of the Board of Directors-2021**

We have great pleasure in presenting the Annual Report and Financial Performance of the Hand-in-Hand Trust Corporation Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### **Global Economy**

The global economy grew by 5.5 percent as the easing of pandemic restrictions helped to boost economic activities.

Unemployment rates have been lower than those in 2020 but remained above pre-pandemic levels although some sectors continue to face labour shortage

#### Guyana Economy 2021

The Guyanese economy registered real oil and non-oil Gross Domestic Product GDP growth of 19.9 percent and 4.6 percent respectively, despite the devastating mid-year floods that affected the agriculture sector and the gold industry. Growth was recorded in the mining & quarrying, construction, services and manufacturing sectors. Continued growth is also expected in the construction activities as well as increased wholesale & retail trade & repairs sector.

#### Inflation

The inflation rate measured by the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) was 5.7 percent at the end of December 2021, mainly driven by increases in the prices of food and fuel due to the floods and higher global shipping and freight costs.

#### **Financial Sector**

The Licensed Financial Institutions' (LDFI's) capital levels continued to be high while Non-performing Loans (NPLs) decreased at the end- 2021.

The Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) remained well above the prudential benchmark of 8.0 percent at 31.8 percent.

The stock of non-performing loans improved to 8.0 percent of total loans. The Licensed Financial Institutions' (LDFI's) ratio of reserve against Non-performing Loans (NPLs) moved to 46.5 percent at end-December 2021 as a result of a 5.1 percent expansion in reserve for loan losses along with the 16.6 percent decrease in Non-performing Loans (NPLs).

#### Outlook for 2022 Global Economy

In 2022, global growth is expected to decelerate markedly from 5.5 percent in 2021 to 4.1 percent in 2022 and 3.2 percent in 2023 as pent-up demand dissipates and as fiscal and monetary support is unwound across the world.

According to the World Bank Group, growth in advanced economies is expected to decline from 5 percent in 2021 to 3.8 percent in 2022 and 2.3 percent in 2023—a pace that will be sufficient to restore output and investment to their pre-pandemic trend in those economies.

In emerging and developing economies, however, growth is expected to drop from 6.3 percent in 2021 to 4.6 percent in 2022 and 4.4 percent in 2023.

The Caribbean region is estimated to grow by 11 percent.

Supply chain constraints, labour shortage and inflation are all expected to be eased in 2022.

#### Outlook for 2022 Guyana Economy

The Guyanese economy is projected to record real oil GDP growth of 47.5 percent on account of higher output of oil and the second floating production storage and offloading (FPSO) vessel begins operation, as per the Bank of Guyana 2021 Annual Report.

The growth in the non -oil economy is estimated to be 7.7 percent for the year as the rice growing and gold mining sectors rebound.

#### Inflation

However, downside risks to this outlook may stem from COVID-19 related issues. Notwithstanding, the end of year inflation rate is expected to be 4.1 percent due to increased economic activities as the economy continues to expand.

#### Performance of the Corporation

The year 2021 was a very successful one for the Corporation in spite of the many challenges from both local and international regulatory bodies and the continuation of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Notwithstanding, the Corporation consistently applied its recovery programme and continued with its prudent marketing of loans.

The Trust had adopted the requirements of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' from 1 January 2018 and continued to adhere to the requirements of making loan loss allowances under IFRS 9.

We also continued to confirm with the Financial Institution Act 1995 (FIA 1995) and Bank of Guyana Supervisory Guidelines.

Our Total Equity increased by \$400.5M compared with \$209.4M in 2020 (to G\$2.381B from G\$1.980B in 2020), as a result of net profit earned and other reserves for the year.

We continued to pursue measures to ensure that our Capital Adequacy Ratios remain at acceptable levels and in compliance with the Financial Institutions Act.

We are happy to report that our Tier I and Tier II Capital Adequacy ratios were both 29.38%, at the end of the year under review.

Our Compliance Department in conjunction with the Internal Audit Department continued to ensure accountability and adherence to best practices in Corporate Governance.

The Board of Directors and its sub-committees continued to provide necessary guidance through the discharge of their responsibilities.

Below is an analysis of our performance for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### Recoveries/Delinquent Loans

We are happy to report that our Recovery Unit continued to resolutely pursue all written off accounts and delinquent loans.

#### **Savings**

Our depositors maintained their valued relationship with the Corporation.

Fixed and Term Deposits were G\$6.953B whilst Savings Investments Scheme (SIS) were G\$1.713B. Total Deposits stood at G\$8.666B at the end of 2021, compared with G\$8.405B at the end of 2020, an increase of \$261.0 million or 3.1%.

#### Mortgage Financing and Other Investments

All other forms of investment contributed significantly to our income generation.

The under mentioned investments were held as at the 31st December 2021:-

Mortgages/Loans - G\$7,393.6 M

Bonds & Other Investments - G\$1,963.2 M

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Total Investments G\$ 9,356.8 M

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#### **Total Assets**

The total assets of the Institution increased from \$10,539.0 million in 2020 to \$11,322.1 million in 2021, an increase of \$783.1 million or 7.43%.

#### **General Reserves**

The Trust Corporation's Retained Earnings increased from \$723.1 million in 2020, to \$1,041.6 million in 2021, an increase of \$318.5 million or 44.04%.

At the end of the period, the Statutory Reserve Fund and Other Reserves were \$589.2 million compared with \$507.3 million in 2020, an increase of \$81.9 million or 16.1%.

## Interest Payments - Fixed Deposits and Special Investment Pass Book Scheme

Our interest payments increased marginally by \$1.3 million or 0.73% over 2020 as a result of higher average level of deposits held.

#### **Provision for Losses**

We are in full compliance with the provisioning requirements of the Financial Institutions Act 1995 and the Bank of Guyana Guidelines and the requirements of making loan loss allowances under IFRS 9.

#### Net Income before Tax

The Corporation's Net Income before tax was \$432.0 million.

#### Equity & Net Income after Tax

The Institution Total Equity increased by \$400.5M compared with \$209.4M in 2020 (to G\$2.381B from G\$1.980B in 2020). This increase comprised of Net Profit after tax of \$374.7 million and other reserves of \$25.8 million.

#### Financial Performance

The Return on Assets was 3.82% (1.14% - 2020), with Return on Equity of 18.18% (6.04% - 2020), whilst earnings per share were \$49.96 (\$14.18 - 2020).

#### Staff

Several training programmes were provided for all members of staff both internally and externally. Internal training included Customers Service, Management of Non-performing Loans and Standard Implementation of International Financial Reporting.

External training included AML/CFT, Enhancing Management Capacity in Knowledge and Skills.

We sincerely commend our staff for their commitment and dedication. Their contribution is invaluable.

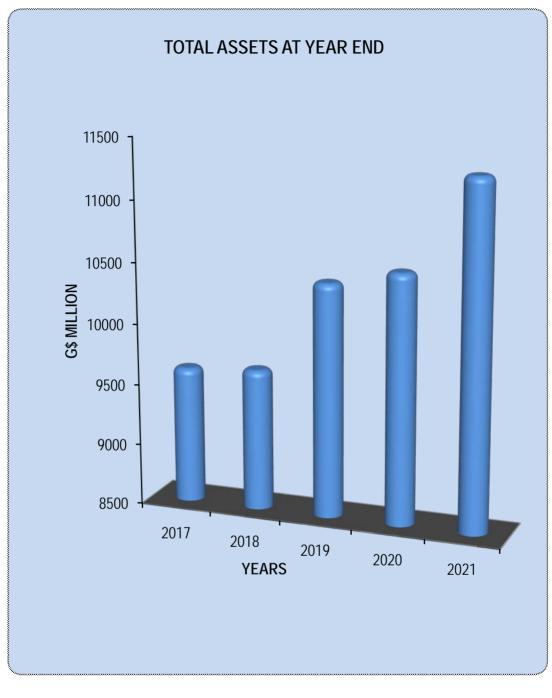
#### **CUSTOMERS**

We wish to express our sincerest gratitude to our customers for their continued support. We provided a safer physical environment for their comfort and security.

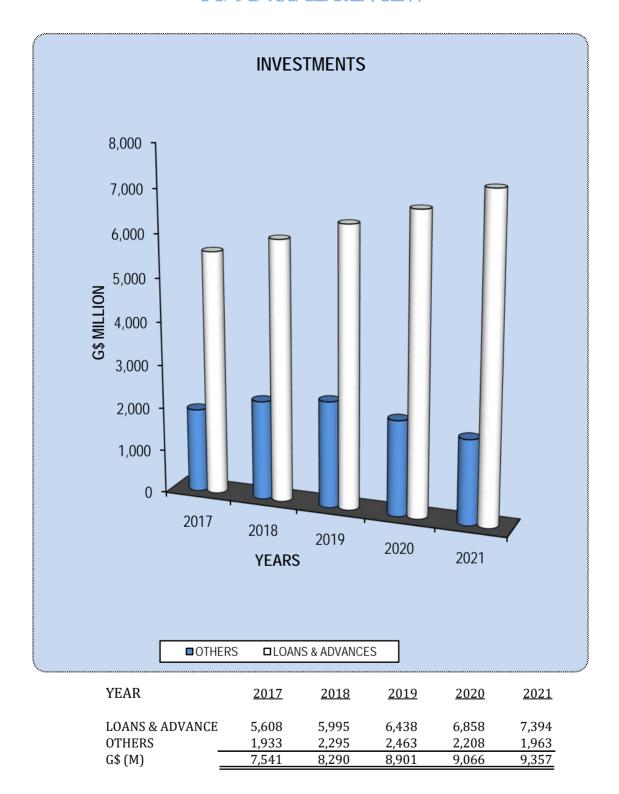
#### **CONCLUSION**

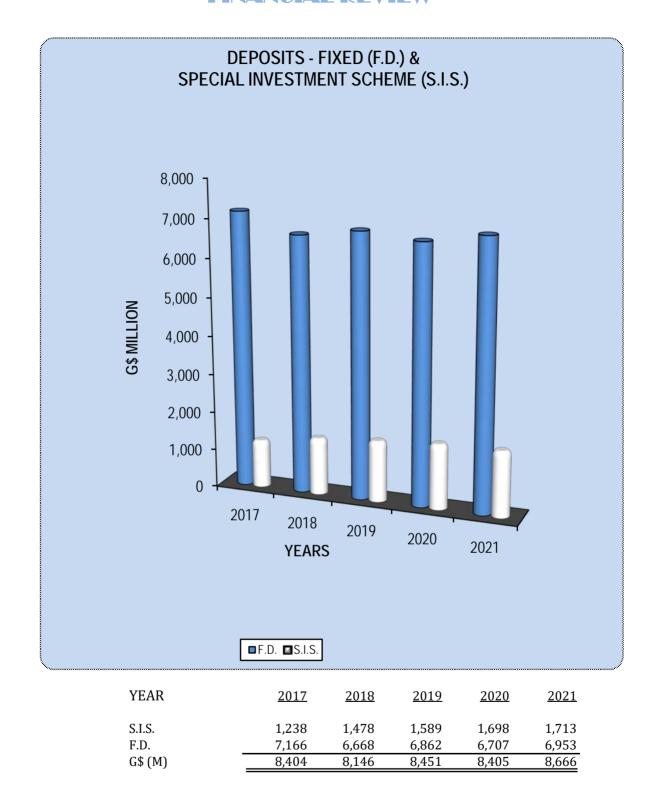
The challenges will be met with a determination and commitment provided by a team determined to succeed. We will continue to enhance our human resources where necessary. Our management team believes in teamwork and the Board of Directors will continue to provide guidance as required.

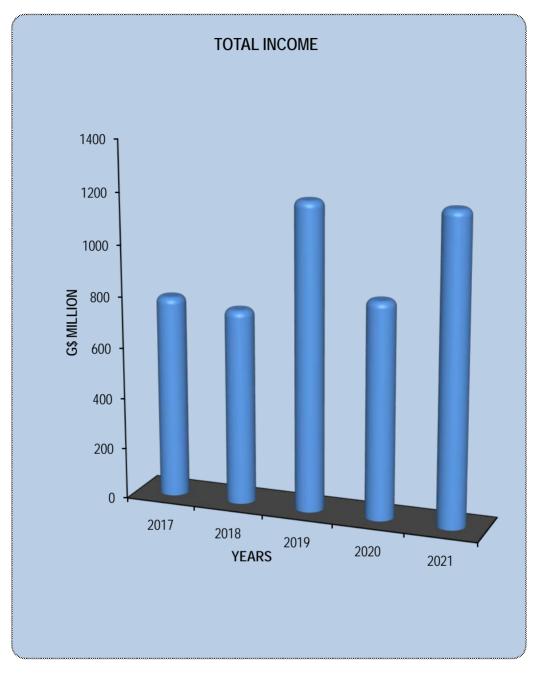
Be assured that we shall continue the pursuance of initiatives to enhance the viability of the Hand-in-Hand Trust Corporation Inc. for its continuation as a dynamic financial intermediary.



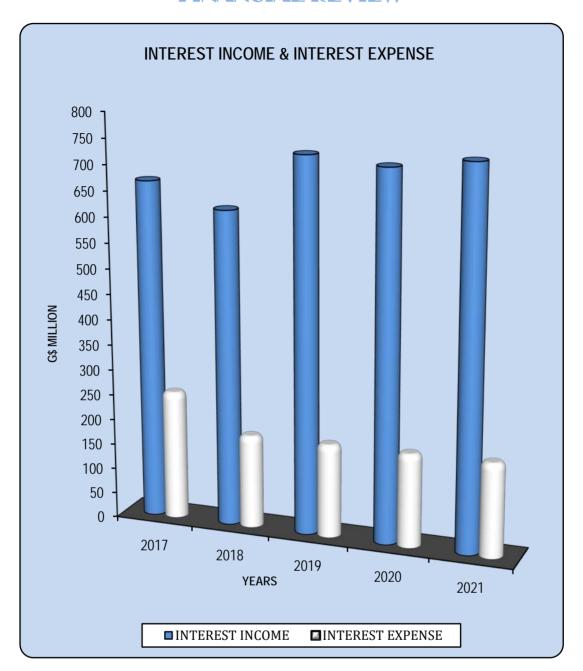
		<u> </u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
AMOUNT G\$ (M) 9,614	9,653	10.410	10,539	11.322







YEAR	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
AMOUNT					
G\$ (M)	790	762	1198	845	1204



YEAR	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
INTEREST INCOME	667.6	621.7	735.0	721.4	740.7
INTEREST EXPENSE	255.1	183.9	184.2	184.5	185.8

# Secure Your Financial Future TODAY!



Residential & Commercial Mortgages

Thrift & Pension Plan Trusteeship

**Investment Deposit Accounts** 

**Portfolio Management** 

**Property Management** 

**Safe Deposit Boxes** 

**Shares Brokerage** 

**Personal Trusts** 

**Vehicle Loans** 

Cambio

**Western Union & Bill Express Services** 



62-63 Middle Street, North Cummingsburg, Georgetown, Guyana Tel: (592) 226-9781-4. Fax: (592) 226-9971 Email: trustco@gol.net.gy Website: www.handinhandtrust.com



## Maurice Solomon & Co.



Chartered Accountants/Management Consultants

Trainee Development - Gold

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC.

MSC 011/2022

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Hand-In-Hand Trust Corporation Inc. which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2021, the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out in pages 12 to 46.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects of the financial position of the Hand-In-Hand Trust Corporation Inc. as at December 31, 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), as amended, the Financial Institutions Act 1995, as amended, Companies Act 1991, the Anti-Money Laundering/Countering Financial Terrorism 2009 & Regulation 2010, Deposit Insurance Act No. 15 of 2018, Credit Reporting Act No. 9 of 2010 and Credit Reporting Act No. 2 of 2016.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Hand-in-Hand Trust Corporation Inc. in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. The key audit matters noted hereunder were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

How our audit procedures addressed the key audit matter

Implementation of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' Refer to note 2.2 (a) i. & 2.2 (b) to the financial statements for disclosures of related accounting policies and balances.

The Trust adopted the accounting standard IFRS 9 'Financial instruments' during the financial year. The standard introduces new requirements around two (2) main aspects of how financial instruments are treated – measurement and classification and impairment.

IFRS 9 introduces a new classification and measurement approach for financial assets that reflects the business model in which the financial assets are managed and the underlying cash flow characteristics. IFRS 9 contains three (3) principal classification categories for financial assets:

- Measured at amortised cost,
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and
- Fair value through profit and loss (FVPL).

IFRS 9 introduces new impairment rules which prescribe a new forward looking expected credit loss ('ECL') impairment model which takes into account reasonable and supportable forward looking information which will generally result in the earlier recognition of impairment provisions.

We have focused on this area, because there are a number of significant judgments which management will need to determine as a result of the requirements in measuring ECL's under IFRS 9:

- Determining the criteria for a significant increase in credit risk;
- Techniques used to determine probability of default (PDs) and loss given default (LGD);
   and
- Factoring in possible future economic scenarios.

With respect to the measurement and classification of the financial assets and liabilities, we read the relevant accounting policies adopted by the Trust and compared them to the requirements of IFRS 9.

We obtained an understanding of the Trust's business model assessment and for a sample of instruments verified solely the inputs into payments of principal and interest test performed by the client with original contracts.

We tested the opening equity adjustments in relation to the adoption of the new standard's classification and measurement requirements.

With respect to the ECL model, our audit approach was as follows:

- We obtained the Trust's impairment provisioning policies and compared them to the requirements of IFRS 9:
- We tested the ratings used in the ECL model for a sample of instruments. For investment, the Trust made comparison to publically available data. For loans, source documents used in the Trust's rating process were verified;
- For a sample of instruments, we tested whether the significant increase in credit risk and default definitions were appropriately applied and the resulting impact of this on the staging of the instruments;

## **Key Audit Matters**

How our audit procedures addressed the key audit matter

Implementation of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' Refer to **note 2.2 (a) i. & 2.2 (b)** to the financial statements for disclosures of related accounting policies and balances. (continued)

These judgments have required new models to be built and implemented to measure the expected credit losses on loans and investments. Management engaged a credit modeler expert to assist in the more complex aspects of the expected credit loss model.

There is a large increase in the data inputs of these models which increases the risk that the data used to develop assumptions and operate the model is not complete or accurate.

The impact on net assets from the implementation of the measurement and classification aspects of the standard was not material.

- We tested the loss given default in the ECL calculation for a sample of instruments.
- We tested the completeness of the amounts assessed for impairment on Financial Assets.

#### Impairment Provision for Loans and Mortgages

Loans and mortgages amounting to \$7.4B (after impairment provision) represent sixty-five (65) percent of the total assets of the Trust as shown in the Statement of Financial Position (page 6).

The methodologies required by IFRS 9 and Bank of Guyana in respect of impairment provisions involve significant judgment by management on matters such as:

- · Loan classification as impaired;
- Valuation and realization of collaterals pledged;
- Amount and timing of cash flows; and
- Forward looking expected credit losses (ECLs) impairment model as required by IFRS 9 as described above.

Our procedures in relation to this key audit matter included, but were not limited to, the following:

- We evaluated and tested the Trust's process and documented policy for mortgage loss provisioning;
- For loan loss provisions calculated on an individual basis, we tested the factors underlying the impairment identification and quantification including forecasts of future cash flows, valuation of underlying collateral and estimates of recovery on default;
- We also tested the aging of the loan portfolios and considered the completeness of the loan book assessed for impairment in conformity with the Bank of Guyana Supervision Guideline 5;

#### **Key Audit Matters**

## How our audit procedures addressed the key audit matter

With a high degree of significant judgment involved in assessing the mortgage impairment provision and in conformity with Supervision Guideline 5 and IFRS 9, mortgage impairment was considered a key audit matter.

- For mortgage loss provisions calculated on a collective basis, we reviewed management's inherent risk provisions estimate, with a focus on the reasonableness of the factors applied and assumptions used, considering the economic changes in Guyana; and
- Finally, we focused on the adequacy of the Trust's financial statement disclosures regarding mortgage and the related provisions as required by IFRS 9

#### Regulatory Environment

The Trust operates in a highly regulated environment and non-compliance with laws and regulations, particularly the Anti-Money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) Act could result in the Trust facing penalties and other administrative sanctions by Bank of Guyana and Financial Intelligence Unit (FIU).

The Compliance Officer is responsible to establish various controls to ensure that the Trust is AML/CFT compliant with governing regulations.

Our procedures in relation to this key audit matter included, but were not limited to, the following:

We evaluated and tested the Trust's internal controls with Emphasis on compliance with AML/CFT policy. This include:

- A review of policies and procedures in place including approval of those policies by those charged with governance;
- Adequate training and refresher programmes for new and existing bank personnel including those charged with governance;
- Testing of transactions to ensure AML/CFT requirements are carried out by bank personnel; and
- Reporting to Financial Intelligence Unit (FIU) are in conformity with the requirements of the AML/CFT Act.

#### Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, The Companies Act 1991, the Financial Institutions Act 1995, as amended, the Anti-Money Laundering/Countering Financial Terrorism 2009 & Regulation 2010, Deposit Insurance Act No. 15 of 2018, Credit Reporting Act No. 9 of 2010, Credit Reporting Act No. 2 of 2016 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Maurice Solomon & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

21st April, 2022

MAURICE SOLOMON & CO.
Chartered Accountants
92 Oronoque Street, Queenstown

# HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	NOTE	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
ASSETS			
Cash resources:			
Cash at Bank of Guyana	3	973,283,849	911,019,143
Cash on Hand and at other Banks	4	747,314,648	394,289,211
<b>Total Cash Resources</b>	_	1,720,598,497	1,305,308,354
INVESTMENTS			
Investment Securities	5	1,963,169,840	2,207,452,263
Loans and Advances	6	7,393,638,744	6,857,948,352
Properties on Hand	7	104,607,725	44,560,895
	_	9,461,416,309	9,109,961,510
OTHERS			
Deferred Taxation	9	2,050,916	2,122,079
Receivables, Prepayments and Other Assets	10	97,429,475	62,555,691
Related Parties	23(ii)	479,738	977,428
Interest Receivables	11	4,336,198	14,567,216
Taxation Recoverable		6,941,105	6,941,105
Property and Equipment	8	27,983,715	36,562,826
Intangible Asset	8 (c) _	907,260	
<b>Total Others</b>		140,128,407	123,726,345
TOTAL ASSETS	_	11,322,143,213	10,538,996,209

#### HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC.

#### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	NOTE	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
EQUITI AND LIABILITIES			
DEPOSITS			
Customers' Deposits	12	8,665,760,773	8,405,058,099
-	-		
OTHERS			
Payables and Accruals	13	220,280,580	138,958,838
Taxation	-	55,268,475	14,608,033
T			4-2-660-4
Total Others	_	275,549,055	153,566,871
Total Liabilities		8,941,309,828	8,558,624,970
Total Liabilities	=	0,741,507,020	0,550,024,770
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Issued Capital	14	750,000,000	750,000,000
Statutory Reserve	15	335,557,569	279,347,504
Risk Reserve	2.1 (g)	253,631,137	227,902,758
Retained Earnings	_	1,041,644,679	723,120,977
		_	
Total Equity	<u>-</u>	2,380,833,385	1,980,371,239
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		11,322,143,213	10,538,996,209
TOTAL EQUIT MAD EMBILITIES	=	11,022,170,210	10,550,770,207

The Board of Directors approved these financial statements for issue on March 31, 2022

Director Director

# HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021	2020
	NOTE	G\$	G\$
INCOME			
Interest income	16	740,738,671	721,393,135
Interest expenses		(185,843,251)	(184,504,139)
Net interest income		554,895,420	536,888,996
OTHER INCOME			
Fees	17	152,430,100	95,901,567
Dividends/ Gains		32,505,335	26,581,329
Cambio operations	_	1,768,373	940,750
TOTAL NET INCOME		741,599,228	660,312,642
Operating expenses	18	(471,540,183)	(454,576,982)
Credit Impairment Losses on loans and advances	19 (a)	(96,619,040)	(76,571,676)
Credit Impairment Losses on Other Financial Assets	19 (b)	(17,794,456)	(3,770,156)
Changes in Fair Value on Investment Securities	20	222,481,626	(15,578,518)
Gain from Standford Investment		50,281,838	7,583,134
Foreign Currency (Loss)/Gain		3,614,613	2,278,092
Profit before taxation		432,023,626	119,676,536
Taxation	21	(57,289,859)	(13,330,158)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	=	374,733,767	106,346,378
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	22	49.96	14.18

# HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Share Capital G\$	Statutory Reserve G\$	General Reserve G\$	Risk Reserve G\$	Retained Earnings G\$	Total G\$
Year ended 31 December 2021						
Balance at 1 January 2021	750,000,000	279,347,504	-	227,902,758	723,120,977	1,980,371,239
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	374,733,767	374,733,767
Transfer to/(from) Statutory Reserve	-	56,210,065	-	-	(56,210,065)	-
Transfer (from)/ to Risk Reserve	-	-	-	25,728,379	-	25,728,379
Balance at 31 December 2021	750,000,000	335,557,569	-	253,631,137	1,041,644,679	2,380,833,385

# HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Share Capital G\$	Statutory Reserve G\$	General Reserve G\$	Risk Reserve G\$	Retained Earnings G\$	Total G\$
Year ended 31 December 2020						
Balance at 1 January 2020	750,000,000	263,395,547	-	124,885,613	632,726,556	1,771,007,716
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	106,346,378	106,346,378
Transfer to/(from) Statutory Reserve	-	15,951,957	-	-	(15,951,957)	-
Transfer (from)/ to Risk Reserve	-	-	-	103,017,145	-	103,017,145
Balance at 31 December 2020	750,000,000	279,347,504	-	227,902,758	723,120,977	1,980,371,239

# HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Profit Before Taxation	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
Depreciation			
Depreciation		432,023,020	119,070,550
Amortisation         19,303         883,406           Net credit impairment on loans and advances         (73,081,270)         (24,016,754)           Changes in fair value on investment securities         (222,481,626)         15,578,518           Supervision Guideline No.5 Provisioning         25,728,379         103,017,145           Adjusted profit before working capital changes         172,500,980         224,003,955           Movements in working capital:         1         (462,609,122)         (396,401,831)           Increase in loans and advances         (462,609,122)         (396,401,831)           Increase in receivables and prepayments         (34,873,784)         (5,751,714)           Decrease (Increase) in related parties         497,609         (519,638)           Decrease in interest receivables         10,231,018         6,393,258           Increase in payables and accruals         260,702,674         (45,669,727)           Increase in payables and accruals         277,71,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         40,788            Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)	·	10 202 570	0.065.104
Net credit impairment on loans and advances         (73,081,270)         (24,016,754)           Changes in fair value on investment securities         (222,481,626)         15,578,518           Supervision Guideline No.5 Provisioning         25,728,379         103,017,145           Adjusted profit before working capital changes         172,500,980         224,003,955           Movements in working capital:         Increase in loans and advances         (462,609,122)         (396,401,831)           Increase in receivables and prepayments         (34,873,784)         (5,751,714)           Decrease (Increase) in related parties         497,690         (519,638)           Decrease in interest receivables         10,231,018         6,393,258           Increase (Decrease) in customers' deposits         260,702,674         (45,669,727)           Increase in payables and accruals         81,321,742         16,204,933           Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:         27,771,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES         Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841	•		
Changes in fair value on investment securities         (222,481,626)         15,578,518           Supervision Guideline No.5 Provisioning         25,728,379         103,017,145           Adjusted profit before working capital changes         172,500,980         224,003,955           Movements in working capital:         Secondary of the control of th			
Supervision Guideline No.5 Provisioning         25,728,379         103,017,145           Adjusted profit before working capital changes         172,500,980         224,003,955           Movements in working capital:         Increase in loans and advances         (462,609,122)         (396,401,831)           Increase in loans and advances         (462,609,122)         (396,401,831)           Decrease in increast of prepayments         (34,873,784)         (5,751,714)           Decrease/(Increase) in related parties         497,690         (519,638)           Decrease (Increase) in customers' deposits         260,702,674         (45,669,727)           Increase in payables and accruals         81,321,742         16,204,933           Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:         27,771,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         40,788         -           Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Act purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Adjusted profit before working capital changes         172,500,980         224,003,955           Movements in working capital:         Increase in loans and advances         (462,609,122)         (396,401,831)           Increase in receivables and prepayments         (34,873,784)         (5,751,714)           Decrease (Increase) in related parties         497,690         (519,638)           Decrease in interest receivables         10,231,018         6,393,258           Increase (Decrease) in customers' deposits         260,702,674         (45,669,727)           Increase in payables and accruals         81,321,742         16,204,933           Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:         27,771,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         340,788         -           Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Asset Write off         40,788         -           Net purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net cash (used in) investing activities         <			
Movements in working capital:         (462,609,122)         (396,401,831)           Increase in loans and advances         (34,873,784)         (5,751,714)           Increase in receivables and prepayments         (34,873,784)         (5,751,714)           Decrease/(Increase) in related parties         497,690         (519,638)           Decrease (Increase) in customers' deposits         260,702,674         (45,669,727)           Increase in payables and accruals         81,321,742         16,204,933           Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:         27,771,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         40,784         -           Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Asset Write off         40,788         -           Net purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand         (600,046,830)         5,089,146           Net cash (used in) investing activities         415,290,143         (93,398,807)	1		
Increase in loans and advances	Adjusted profit before working capital changes	172,500,980	224,003,955
Increase in receivables and prepayments	Movements in working capital:		
Decrease/ (Increase) in related parties         497,690         (519,638)           Decrease in interest receivables         10,231,018         6,393,258           Increase/(Decrease) in customers' deposits         260,702,674         (45,669,727)           Increase in payables and accruals         81,321,742         16,204,933           Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:         27,771,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         40,788         -           Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Asset Write off         40,788         -           Net purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand         (60,046,830)         5,089,146           Net cash (used in) investing activities         415,290,143         (93,398,807)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,305,308,354         1,398,707,161           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,	Increase in loans and advances	(462,609,122)	(396,401,831)
Decrease in interest receivables         10,231,018         6,393,258           Increase/(Decrease) in customers' deposits         260,702,674         (45,669,727)           Increase in payables and accruals         81,321,742         16,204,933           Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:         27,771,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         40,244         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Asset Write off         40,788         -           Net purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand         (60,046,830)         5,089,146           Net cash (used in) investing activities         404,077,199         177,781,650           NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         415,290,143         (93,398,807)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR         1,305,308,354         1,305,308,354           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         20,243,243,243         20,243,243,243           Cash at Bank of Guyana         973,283	Increase in receivables and prepayments	(34,873,784)	(5,751,714)
Increase   Decrease   in customers' deposits   260,702,674   (45,669,727)     Increase in payables and accruals   81,321,742   16,204,933     Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:   27,771,198   (201,740,764)     Taxes paid   (16,558,254)   (69,439,693)     Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities   11,212,944   (271,180,457)     CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES     Acquisition of property and equipment   (2,694,649)   (18,355,396)     Loss on Disposal of Assets   13,841   -   Asset Write off   40,788   -   Net purchase/redemption of investment securities   466,764,049   191,047,900     Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand   (60,046,830)   5,089,146     Net cash (used in) investing activities   404,077,199   177,781,650     NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   415,290,143   (93,398,807)     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR   1,305,308,354   1,398,707,161     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:   Cash at Bank of Guyana   973,283,849   911,019,143     Cash on hand and at other banks   747,314,648   394,289,211	Decrease/ (Increase) in related parties	497,690	(519,638)
Increase in payables and accruals   81,321,742   16,204,933     Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:   27,771,198   (201,740,764)     Taxes paid   (16,558,254)   (69,439,693)     Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities   11,212,944   (271,180,457)     CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES     Acquisition of property and equipment   (2,694,649)   (18,355,396)     Loss on Disposal of Assets   13,841   -	Decrease in interest receivables	10,231,018	6,393,258
Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:         27,771,198         (201,740,764)           Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         40,2694,649         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Asset Write off         40,788         -           Net purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand         (60,046,830)         5,089,146           Net cash (used in) investing activities         404,077,199         177,781,650           NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         415,290,143         (93,398,807)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR         1,305,308,354         1,398,707,161           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         2         1,305,308,354         1,305,308,354           Cash at Bank of Guyana         973,283,849         911,019,143         291,019,143         293,283,849         911,019,143           Cash on hand and at other banks         747,314,648         394,289,211	Increase/(Decrease) in customers' deposits	260,702,674	(45,669,727)
Taxes paid         (16,558,254)         (69,439,693)           Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Asset Write off         40,788         -           Net purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand         (60,046,830)         5,089,146           Net cash (used in) investing activities         404,077,199         177,781,650           NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         415,290,143         (93,398,807)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,305,308,354         1,398,707,161           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         Cash at Bank of Guyana         973,283,849         911,019,143           Cash on hand and at other banks         747,314,648         394,289,211	Increase in payables and accruals	81,321,742	16,204,933
Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities         11,212,944         (271,180,457)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         40,748         (18,355,396)           Acquisition of property and equipment         (2,694,649)         (18,355,396)           Loss on Disposal of Assets         13,841         -           Asset Write off         40,788         -           Net purchase/redemption of investment securities         466,764,049         191,047,900           Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand         (60,046,830)         5,089,146           Net cash (used in) investing activities         404,077,199         177,781,650           NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         415,290,143         (93,398,807)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,305,308,354         1,398,707,161           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         20,2598,497         1,305,308,354           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         20,2598,497         1,305,308,354           Cash at Bank of Guyana         973,283,849         911,019,143           Cash on hand and at other banks         747,314,648         394,289,211	Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations:	27,771,198	(201,740,764)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Acquisition of property and equipment       (2,694,649)       (18,355,396)         Loss on Disposal of Assets       13,841       -         Asset Write off       40,788       -         Net purchase/redemption of investment securities       466,764,049       191,047,900         Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand       (60,046,830)       5,089,146         Net cash (used in) investing activities       404,077,199       177,781,650         NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       415,290,143       (93,398,807)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR       1,720,598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       3973,283,849       911,019,143         Cash at Bank of Guyana       973,283,849       911,019,143         Cash on hand and at other banks       747,314,648       394,289,211	•	(16,558,254)	(69,439,693)
Acquisition of property and equipment       (2,694,649)       (18,355,396)         Loss on Disposal of Assets       13,841       -         Asset Write off       40,788       -         Net purchase/redemption of investment securities       466,764,049       191,047,900         Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand       (60,046,830)       5,089,146         Net cash (used in) investing activities       404,077,199       177,781,650         NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       415,290,143       (93,398,807)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       20,2598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       20,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,	Net cash inflows/ (outflows) used in operating activities	11,212,944	(271,180,457)
Loss on Disposal of Assets       13,841       -         Asset Write off       40,788       -         Net purchase/redemption of investment securities       466,764,049       191,047,900         Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand       (60,046,830)       5,089,146         Net cash (used in) investing activities       404,077,199       177,781,650         NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       415,290,143       (93,398,807)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR       1,720,598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       2       2         Cash at Bank of Guyana       973,283,849       911,019,143         Cash on hand and at other banks       747,314,648       394,289,211	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Asset Write off       40,788       -         Net purchase/redemption of investment securities       466,764,049       191,047,900         Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand       (60,046,830)       5,089,146         Net cash (used in) investing activities       404,077,199       177,781,650         NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       415,290,143       (93,398,807)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR       1,720,598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       20,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,	Acquisition of property and equipment	(2,694,649)	(18,355,396)
Net purchase/redemption of investment securities       466,764,049       191,047,900         Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand       (60,046,830)       5,089,146         Net cash (used in) investing activities       404,077,199       177,781,650         NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       415,290,143       (93,398,807)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR       1,720,598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       273,283,849       911,019,143         Cash at Bank of Guyana       973,283,849       911,019,143         Cash on hand and at other banks       747,314,648       394,289,211		13,841	-
Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand       (60,046,830)       5,089,146         Net cash (used in) investing activities       404,077,199       177,781,650         NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       415,290,143       (93,398,807)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR       1,720,598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       20,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,	Asset Write off	40,788	-
Net cash (used in) investing activities         404,077,199         177,781,650           NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         415,290,143         (93,398,807)           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,305,308,354         1,398,707,161           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR         1,720,598,497         1,305,308,354           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         973,283,849         911,019,143           Cash at Bank of Guyana         973,283,849         911,019,143           Cash on hand and at other banks         747,314,648         394,289,211	Net purchase/redemption of investment securities	466,764,049	191,047,900
NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       415,290,143       (93,398,807)         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR       1,720,598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       20,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,	Net decrease/(Increase) in properties on hand	(60,046,830)	5,089,146
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,305,308,354       1,398,707,161         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR       1,720,598,497       1,305,308,354         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:       Cash at Bank of Guyana       973,283,849       911,019,143         Cash on hand and at other banks       747,314,648       394,289,211	Net cash (used in) investing activities	404,077,199	177,781,650
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR         1,720,598,497         1,305,308,354           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         \$\text{Cash at Bank of Guyana}\$         973,283,849         911,019,143           Cash on hand and at other banks         747,314,648         394,289,211	NET MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	415,290,143	(93,398,807)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:         Cash at Bank of Guyana       973,283,849       911,019,143         Cash on hand and at other banks       747,314,648       394,289,211	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,305,308,354	1,398,707,161
Cash at Bank of Guyana       973,283,849       911,019,143         Cash on hand and at other banks       747,314,648       394,289,211	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR	1,720,598,497	1,305,308,354
Cash on hand and at other banks 747,314,648 394,289,211	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISES OF:		
	Cash at Bank of Guyana	973,283,849	911,019,143
1,720,598,497 1,305,308,354	Cash on hand and at other banks	747,314,648	394,289,211
		1,720,598,497	1,305,308,354

# HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1. COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### (a) Incorporation and Business Activities

In May 1971, the Guyana National Co-operative Bank (G.N.C.B) established a Trust Department to carry out various Trust Services which was incorporated as the GNCB Trust Company Limited on December 28, 1971, a wholly owned subsidiary of Guyana National Co-operative Bank (G.N.C.B)., with its own Board of Directors.

On February 3rd, 1977, the GNCB Trust Company was reconstituted and established as the GNCB Trust Corporation.

On the 6th January, 1999 the GNCB Trust Corporation was incorporated under the Companies Act of Guyana into a public company limited by shares, by order #24/1998 and known as the GNCB Trust Corporation Inc.

On the 20th November, 2002, the Hand-in-Hand Mutual Fire Insurance Company Limited acquired ninety percent (90%) of the shares of the GNCB Trust Corporation Inc. and the Government of Guyana retained the remaining ten percent (10%) through its holding company, National Industrial and Commercial Investments Limited.

On the 14th March, 2003, the Hand-in-Hand Mutual Life Assurance Company Limited and the Guyana Cooperative Insurance Services Inc. (G.C.I.S.) acquired three hundred and seventy-five thousand (375,000) and two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) shares respectively from the Hand-in-Hand Mutual Fire Insurance Company Limited.

On the 29th October, 2004, the Hand-in-Hand Trust Corporation Inc. was converted to a private company in accordance with the Companies Act 89:01 (1991).

On the 26th February 2009, the authorized share capital was increased by 5,000,000 to 7,500,000 shares.

Its registered office is situated at 62-63 Middle Street, North Cummingsburg, Georgetown, Guyana.

The Trust is licensed as a Financial Institution under the provisions of the Financial Institutions Act, 1995, as amended.

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of properties and the business model test adopted by the Trust.

The Trust's accounting policies confirm with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), Companies Act 1991, Bank of Guyana Supervision Guidelines and Financial Institution Act 1995 as amended, the Anti-Money Laundering/Countering Financial Terrorism 2009 & Regulation 2010, Deposit Insurance Act No. 15 of 2018, Credit Reporting Act No. 9 of 2010 and Credit Reporting Act No. 2 of 2016.

#### HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC.

# (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- (a) Standards, amendments and interperations that are not yet effective in current year and have not been adopted by the Trust.
  - IFRS 3- Business Combinations: Amendments is in regards to update an outdated reference to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS 3 (effective on or after 1 January 2022)
  - IFRS 17 will replace IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (effective on or after 1 January 2023)
  - IAS 1-Presentation of Financial Statements; Amendments regarding the Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (effective on or after 1 January 2023)
  - IAS 8- Amendments regarding the definition of Definition of Accounting Estimates (effective on or after 1 January 2023)
  - IAS 16- Property Plant & Equipment; Amendments regarding Proceeds before Intended Use (effective on or after 1 January 2022)
  - IAS 37- Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets; Amendments regarding Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (effective on or after 1 January 2022)
  - IAS 41- Agriculture; Amendments The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of IAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique (effective on or after 1 January 2022)
- (b) The standards and amendments adopted and has material impact on the Trust's financial reporting.
  - IFRS 7 Transition disclosures; Amendments to IFRS 9 (effective upon the adoption of IFRS 9)
  - IFRS 9- Financial Instruments: Classification and measurement, impairment, general hedge accounting and derecognition (effective on or after 1 January 2018)
  - IFRS 15- Revenue from Contracts with customers (effective on or before 1 January 2018)
  - IAS 19 Amendment- Clarifies current service and net interest accounting (effective on or before 1 January 2019)
- (c) The standards and amendments that are effective in the current year and expected to have to no material impact on the Trust's financial reporting.
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments; Ammendments, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Effective on or after 1 January 2021
  - IFRS 16- Leases: Ammendments, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (effective on or after 1 April 2021)

# HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd)

#### (d) Foreign Currency Transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Guyana dollars (G\$) at the rate of exchange at the statement of financial position date, except non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at historical cost, which are translated using the rate of exchange at the initial transaction date. Gains and losses arising from the settlement of and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

#### (e) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial information requires the use of estimates and judgements about future conditions. In view of the inherent uncertainties and the high level of subjectivity involved in the recognition or measurement of items, highlighted as the 'critical accounting estimates and judgements' in section 2.2, it is possible that the outcomes in the next financial year could differ from those on which management's estimates are based. This could result in materially different estimates and judgements from those reached by management for the purposes of these financial statements. Management's selection of Trust's accounting policies that contain critical estimates and judgements reflects the materiality of the items to which the policies are applied and the high degree of judgement and estimation uncertainty involved.

#### (f) Going Concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, as the Directors are satisfied that the Trust have the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. In making this assessment, the Directors have considered a wide range of information relating to present and future conditions, including future projections of profitability, cash flows and capital resources.

#### (g) The Risk Reserve

The Risk Reserve is created as an appropriation to account for the difference between the requirements of IFRS 9 (ECLs) adopted by the Trust and the provisions as required under Bank of Guyana Supervision Guideline No.5; June 1996 and revised 2021.

The Trust have adopted the requirements of IFRS 9 and makes specific provisions on loans and advances. The provisions booked as at 31 December, 2021 amounted to \$82.08m from IFRS 9 report and an excess provision of \$126.1m was made under Bank Of Guyana Supervision Guideline No. 5.

The Risk Reserve as at 31 December, 2020 was \$227.9m. The increase of \$126.1m as shown in the Statement of Changes of Equity is the transfer to Risk Reserve of the excess provisioning.

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Investments

#### IFRS 9: Financial Instruments, Recognition and Measurement

#### - Initial Recognition of IFRS 9

The Trust adopted IFRS 9 and classifies its financial assets based on the business model under IFRS 9 which is effective on or after January 1, 2018.

The classification is dependent on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. The Trust classified investments into the following categories:

#### - Amortised Cost - Held to collect

- The trust classified and measures measures its investments at amortised cost under the IFRS 9 using specified conditions of the business model.

These investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed and determinable payments and fixed maturities that management has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity.

The carrying value of these financial assets at initial recognition includes any directly attributable transactions costs.

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (referred to as "SPPI") on the outstanding principal amount.

#### - Fair Value through the Profit and Loss - Held for trading

Equity investments held by the Trust are measured at fair value through the profit or loss.

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (b) Impairment on Financial Assets

#### i. Initial Recognition and Adoption of IFRS 9

The Trust adopt the requirements of IFRS 9 which recognise a loss allowance on a forward-looking expected credit loss model using the general approach which is effective on or after the January 1, 2018.

At the date of initial application, the Trust uses reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that the financial instrument was initially recognised for loan commitments and investments, compare that to the credit risk at the date of initial application of IFRS 9.

Under the general approach adopted by the Trust, IFRS 9 establishes a three (3) stage impairment model, based on whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset since its initial recognition. These three (3) stages would determine the amount of impairment to be recognised as Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) at each reporting period as well as the amount of interest revenue to be recorded in future periods. ECLs are defined as the weighted average of credit losses, with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (b) Impairment Losses on Financial Assets (Cont'd)

The stages under ECLs are as follows:-

**Stage 1**: Credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition – recognise 12 months ECL, and recognise interest on a gross basis.

**Stage 2**: Credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition – recognise lifetime ECL, and recognise interest on a gross basis.

**Stage 3**: Impairment occurs when there is objective evidence that an impairment event has occurred at reporting date and a loss allowance equal to lifetime ECLs is recognised and present interest on net basis (i.e gross carrying amount less loss allowance).

For financial assets classified under Stage 3, the Trust directly reduces the gross carrying amount when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, which required that a write-off constitutes a derecognition event and may relate to either the asset in its entirety or a portion of it.

12 months ECL under stage 1 is calculated by multiplying the probability of default occurring in the next 12 months by the lifetime ECL that would result from that default, regardless when those losses occur.

Lifetime expected credit losses, results from all possible default events over the life of the financial asset. Lifetime expected credit losses are calculated based on a weighted average of the expected credit losses, with weighings being based on the respective probabilities of default.

A loss allowance for lifetime expected credit losses is required for financial asset, if the credit risk on that asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. Additionally, the Trust elect an accounting policy of recognising lifetime expected credit losses for all contract assets, including those that contain a significant financing component.

#### ii. Calculation of Expected Credit Losses (ECLs)

The Trust has the necessary tools to ensure an adequate estimate and timely recognition of expected credit losses (ECLs).

Information on historical loss experiences or the impact of current conditions may not fully reflect the credit risk in lending exposures.

In that context, the Trust uses experienced credit judgment to thoroughly incorporate the expected impact of all reasonable and supportable forward-looking information, including macroeconomic factors, on its estimate for each stage of ECLs.

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (b) Impairment Losses on Financial Assets (Cont'd)
- ii. Calculation of Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) (Cont'd)

The methodologies and key elements for assessing credit risk and measuring the level of allowances for ECL estimates are as follows:

**Probability of Default (PD)** is assigned to each risk measure and represents a percentage of the likelihood of default.

The calculation is for a specific time frame and measures the percentage of loans and investments that default. The PD is then assigned to the risk level, and each risk level has one PD percentage.

**Loss Given Default (LGD)** - measures the expected loss and is shown as a percentage of Exposure of Default (EAD). LGD represents the amount unrecovered by the lender after selling the underlying asset if a default was to occur on a loan and investment.

**Exposure at Default (EAD)** is seen as an estimation of the extent to which the Trust may be exposed to in the event and at the time of, the borrower's and investment's was to default.

The loan and investment repayments patterns and EAD value for each financial assets are then used to determine the overall default risk.

**Stage 1** - 12-month Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) are recognised and interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset (that is, without deduction for credit allowance).

12-month ECLs are the expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

It is not the expected cash shortfalls over the 12-month period but the entire credit loss on an asset weighted by the probability that the loss will occur in the next 12 months.

**Stage 2** - Lifetime ECL are recognised when the loan assets or investments that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, but interest revenue is still calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset.

Lifetime ECLs are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument. Expected Credit Losses are the weighted average credit losses with the Probability of Default (PD) as the weight.

**Stage 3** - Loan Assets have evidence of impairment at the reporting date. Lifetime ECL are recognised and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount (that is, net of credit allowance).

Credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly, to consider reasonable and supportable information available, in order to compare the risk of a default occurring at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring at initial recognition of the financial instrument.

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (c) Renegotiated Loans

Hand in Hand Trust Corporation Inc.'s policy in relation to renegotiated loans is in accordance with Financial Institutions Act 1995 as amended and Bank of Guyana Supervision Guideline 5.

Loans are renegotiated because of weakness in the borrower's financial position or the non servicing of debt as arranged or where it is determined that the loan can be renegotiated to remedy the specific difficulties faced by borrower.

#### (d) Interest Income and Expense

Interest income and expense for all financial instruments, excluding those classified as held for trading or designated at fair value, are recognised in 'Interest income' and 'Interest expense' in the income statement on an accrual basis except when collection is considered doubtful, or payment is outstanding for more than 90 days as per Bank of Guyana Supervision Guideline 5.

Fees and commission income are recognised as earned and dividends are generally recognised in the profit or loss.

#### (e) Property and Equipment

Other property and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis at rates estimated to write off the assets over their expected useful lives. The estimated useful lives of assets are reviewed periodically, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear. Depreciation rates are as follows:-

Motor vehicles 25%
Office furniture and equipment 5% - 25%

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### (f) Taxation

Provision for deferred corporation tax is computed using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and their carry values for financial reporting purposes. The current enacted tax rate is used to determine deferred income tax.

The principal temporary differences arise from depreciation of property and equipment and tax losses carried forward. Deferred tax assets relating to the carry forward of unused tax losses are recognized to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilized.

#### (g) Cash and Cash Equivalent

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalent comprise of cash-in-hand, balances with other banks and at the Bank of Guyana.

#### (h) Retirement Benefit Plan

The Company established a defined contribution Pension Plan for its employees in 2000. The assets of the Plan are held in a self-administered fund which is separate from the Company's assets.

During 2021 the corporation's contribution to the plan was G\$7,945,427 (2020-\$7,280,321).

The Fund balance was G\$208,246,022 as at December 31, 2021 (2020 - \$175,917,355).

The Company's contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss in the year to which they relate.

#### (i) Properties on Hand

These properties relate to mortgages that were foreclosed and purchased at public auction. Provision is made for diminution in value through the revenue account. These are stated at fair value.

3. CASH AT BANK OF GUYANA		2021 G\$	2020 G\$
Cash at Bank of Guyana		973,283,849	911,019,143
This amount represents a statutory de	posit and is not available	for use by the Trust.	
4. CASH ON HAND AND AT OTHER	BANKS		
Cash at bank		723,044,241	371,569,026
Cash on hand		24,270,407	22,720,185
	:	747,314,648	394,289,211
5. INVESTMENT SECURITIES			
a) Held for Trading			
Listed corporate companies note	e (d)	1,176,828,204	1,208,749,050
Unlisted corporate companies note	e (d)	100,000	100,000
	•	1,176,928,204	1,208,849,050
b) Held to Collect - Amortised Co	n#		
CARICOM Governments	<b>5</b> t	235,929,776	434,935,102
Corporate Bonds		590,359,991	526,420,663
Local Bonds		-	60,394,900
	•	826,289,767	1,021,750,665
Provision for impairment ECL's		(40,048,131)	(23,147,452)
		786,241,636	998,603,213
<b>Total Investment Securities</b>		1,963,169,840	2,207,452,263
c) Impairment on Investment Secu	rities		
Opening balance	1100	23,147,452	19,377,296
ECLs during the year (stage 1) - <b>note</b>	e 19 (b)	16,900,679	3,770,156
As at year end	•	40,048,131	23,147,452

		2021	2020
5.	INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Cont'd)	G\$	G\$
(a)			
	Shares, other stocks and bonds		
	GASCI - Unlisted companies	100,000	100,000
	RBC Dominion Securities	108,787,214	86,919,049
	Others	1,068,040,990	1,121,830,001
		1,176,928,204	1,208,849,050
<b>(b)</b>	Held to Collect		
	a) Guyana - others	-	60,394,900
	b) Caribbean- government	235,929,776	434,935,102
	c) Caribbean - others	590,359,991	526,420,663
	Less ECL's	(40,048,131)	(23,147,452)
		786,241,636	998,603,213
<b>(c)</b>	Loans and Receivables		
	Mortgages and loans	7,475,723,066	6,944,834,152
	Credit impairment on loans and advances	(82,084,322)	(86,885,800)
		7,393,638,744	6,857,948,352
(d)	Properties on Hand	104,607,725	44,560,895
(u)	1 Toperties on Hand	104,007,723	44,500,075
	<b>Total Investments</b>	9,461,416,309	9,109,961,510
6.	LOANS AND ADVANCES		
	Mortgages	4,314,882,457	4,060,107,303
	Special loans	3,017,391,047	2,246,364,980
	Other loans	143,449,562	638,361,869
		7,475,723,066	6,944,834,152
	Impairment losses (a) and (b)	(82,084,322)	(86,885,800)
	<u>r</u>	7,393,638,744	6,857,948,352
	Included above are non-performing mortgages of:	579,012,863	773,728,505
	more accordance from performing more gages of .	277,012,000	770,720,505

6. LOANS AND ADVANCES (Cont'd)	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
a) Loss Allowances		
Beginnining of the year	86,885,800	116,274,859
ECLs during the year	(4,801,478)	(29,389,059)
As at year end	82,084,322	86,885,800

The stages of mortgages, special loans and car loans and related Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) based on the Trust's criteria and policies shown in **Note 2.2 (b)** for the calculation of ECL allowances are as follows:

Impairment Losses on Loans and Advances	Mortgages G\$	Special Loans G\$	Car Loans G\$	Total ECL <b>G</b> \$
Stage 1: 12 - Month ECL	7,202,092	6,645,789	304,146	14,152,028
Stage 2: Lifetime ECL	20,746,517	3,154,732	8,899	23,910,148
Stage 3: Lifetime Credit Impaired ECL for Financial Assets	34,773,579	9,158,850	89,717	44,022,146
	62,722,188	18,959,371	402,762	82,084,322

7. PROPERTIES ON HAND	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
Purchased at public auction	104,607,725	44,560,895
Provision for diminution in value	<u> </u>	
	104,607,725	44,560,895
Provision for diminution in value		
At 1 Jan	-	25,032,945
Reduction in provision for the year		(25,032,945)
At 31 December	-	-
These properties relate to foreclosed mortgages.		

#### 8. (a) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Cost / Valuation	Motor Vehicles G\$	Furniture and Equipment/Generator G\$	Total G\$
At 1 Jan 2021	42,152,902	110,531,947	152,684,849
Additions	-	1,768,086	1,768,086
Disposals		(8,133,511)	(8,133,511)
Write off	<u>-</u>	(40,788)	(40,788)
At 31 December 2021	42,152,902	104,125,734	146,278,636
Accumulated Depreciation At 1 Jan 2021 Charges for the year Write back At 31 December 2021	26,029,521 4,577,543 - <b>30,607,064</b>	90,092,502 5,715,025 (8,119,670) <b>87,687,857</b>	116,122,023 10,292,568 (8,119,670) 118,294,921
Net Book Values			
At 31 December 2021	11,545,838	16,437,877	27,983,715
At 31 December 2020	16,123,381	20,439,445	36,562,826

The Trust continues to rent the building situated at 62-63 Middle Street, Georgetown.

#### 8. (b) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Additions

End of the year

Beginning of the year

Amortisation charge for the year

Carrying amount as at year end

Cost / Valuation	Motor Vehicles G\$	Furniture and Equipment/Generator G\$	Total G\$
At 1 Jan 2020	25,852,902	108,758,436	134,611,338
Additions	16,300,000	2,055,396	18,355,396
Disposals		(281,885)	(281,885)
At 31 December 2020	42,152,902	110,531,947	152,684,849
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 1 Jan 2020	23,842,723	83,696,081	107,538,804
Charges for the year	2,186,798	6,678,306	8,865,104
Write back	-	(281,885)	(281,885)
At 31 December 2020	26,029,521	90,092,502	116,122,023
Net Book Values			
At 31 December 2020	16,123,381	20,439,445	36,562,826
At 31 December 2019	2,010,179	25,062,355	27,072,534
The Trust continues to rent the building situ	ated at 62-63 Middl	le Street, Georgetown.	
8. (c) INTANGIBLE ASSET		2021	2020
		G\$	<b>G</b> \$
Beginning of the year		4,447,113	4,447,113

926,563

4,447,113

4,447,113

5,373,676

4,447,113

4,466,416

907,260

		2021	2020
9.	DEFERRED TAXATION	G\$	G\$
	Asset arising on accelerated accounts depreciation		
	At 1 Jan	2,122,079	1,392,817
	Current year	(71,163)	729,262
	At 31 December	2,050,916	2,122,079
10.	RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS		
	Trustee Fees	89,700,855	55,248,137
	Loss allowance ECL's	-1,547,875	-654,098
		88,152,980	54,594,039
	Stationery Stock	1,311,474	828,498
	Other Debtors	-	185,935
	Prepayments	7,965,021	6,947,219
		97,429,475	62,555,691
11.	INTEREST RECEIVABLES		
	Interest receivables consists of accrued interest on various be	onds redeemable at fu	ture dates.
	Interest receivable consists of accrued interest of:	1.22 ( 1.22	4
	Bonds	4,336,198	14,567,216
12.	CUSTOMERS' DEPOSITS		
	Fixed and Term	6,952,685,049	6,706,977,142
	Savings	1,713,075,724	1,698,080,957
		8,665,760,773	8,405,058,099
	Customers' Deposit by maturity		
	Fixed - within one year	6,325,499,181	6,693,561,487
	Fixed and Savings - on demand	1,713,075,724	1,698,080,957
		8,038,574,905	8,391,642,444
	Fixed - over one year	627,185,868	13,415,655
	,	8,665,760,773	8,405,058,099

		2021	2020
13.	PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS	G\$	G\$
	Staff benefits	1,477,822	1,423,561
	Refundable mortgage payments	-	2,276,073
	Interest on special interest savings (SIS)	12,549,572	14,833,224
	Interest on fixed deposits	45,547,726	45,236,486
	Others	127,559,835	52,699,488
	Audit fee	955,625	1,900,000
	Deposits of properties on hand	32,190,000	20,590,000
		220,280,580	138,958,832
14.	ISSUED CAPITAL		
	Authorised Share Capital		
	Number of Ordinary Shares	7,500,000	7,500,000
	Issued capital comprises:	G\$	G\$
	Ordinary Shares		
	7,500,000 issued and fully paid shares at G\$100 each	750,000,000	750,000,000
	Fully paid ordinary shares carrying one vote per share and ca	arry a right to dividends	
15.	STATUTORY RESERVE	2021	2020
		G\$	G\$
	At 1 January and December 2021	335,557,569	279,347,504

This Reserve is maintained in accordance with the provisions of section 20 (1) of the Financial Institutions Act 1995 which requires that a minimum 15% of net profit as defined in the Act, be transferred to the Reserve Fund until the amount of the Fund is equal to the paid up capital of the Trust.

		2021	2020
16.	INTEREST INCOME	G\$	G\$
	Loans and Advances	701,115,602	658,903,927
	Fixed Deposits	4,652,247	8,805,892
	Money Market Account	254,813	348,462
	Bonds and other investments	34,716,009	53,334,854
		740,738,671	721,393,135
17.	FEES		
	Trustee	78,060,052	64,565,653
	Mortgage	37,987,523	8,534,976
	Management	36,382,525	22,800,938
		152,430,100	95,901,567
17.1	INVESTMENT INCOME		
	Held to Collect	39,623,069	62,489,208
	Dividends/Gains	32,505,335	26,581,329
	Financial Assets (Held for Trading and FVTPL)	222,481,626	(15,578,518)
	Other Income	117,815,948	74,041,379
	Management Fees	36,382,525	22,800,938
		448,808,503	170,334,336

18. EXPENSES BY NATURE	2021	2020
	<b>G</b> \$	G\$
Advertising	9,963,141	9,372,971
Legal Fee	6,073,772	6,021,919
Audit Fee	2,004,099	1,940,290
Directors' Fees (Note 23(iii))	4,323,132	4,776,960
Employment Costs	321,487,716	314,589,442
Stationery, Postage and Telephone	6,303,266	4,968,717
Security	8,376,665	8,362,785
Electricity	8,589,046	8,002,561
Licence	2,013,500	2,013,500
General Administrative Expenses	62,673,608	56,700,015
Repairs and Maintenance	11,591,721	12,366,473
Bank Charges	2,028,788	2,064,100
Depreciation	10,311,871	9,748,510
Loss on Disposal of asset	13,841	-
Professional Services and Membership	15,786,017	13,648,739
	471,540,183	454,576,982

#### 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021	2020
19. LOSS A	ALLOWANCES	G\$	<b>G</b> \$
(a) Credit	<b>Impairment Losses on Loan and Advances</b>		
Credit	<b>Losses Movements:</b>		
Bad del	ots written off	(77,882,748)	(5,372,305)
Bad del	bt recoveries/ repayments	2,190,609	2,428,715
	ision Guideline No.5 Provisioning	(25,728,379)	(103,017,145)
Loss all	lowances (ECL's) for the year	4,801,478	29,389,059
		(96,619,040)	(76,571,676)
(b) Credit	Impairment Losses on Other Financial Asso	ets	
Loss all	lowance on investments	16,900,679	3,770,156
	lowance on other financial assets	893,777	-
		17,794,456	3,770,156
20. (IMPA	IRMENT)/GAIN ON INVESTMENTS		
`	ominion and Other Investments	222,481,626	(15,578,518)
Table D			(10,070,010)
21. TAXA	ΓΙΟΝ		
-	ovisional charge for taxation in the financial sta	tements is made up as follow	s:
<u>Curren</u>	<del></del>		
Proper	•	17,914,851	14,608,033
	olding tax	1,387,575	1,893,605
•	ration tax	37,916,270	2,254,210
-	ration tax adjustment	- 71 1 (2)	(4,696,428)
Deferre	ed Tax (credit)/charge (25%)	71,163	(729,262)
		57,289,859	13,330,158
Reconc	ciliation of tax expense and accounting profi	t:	
Profit k	before taxation	432,023,626	119,676,536
Corpora	ation tax (25%)	108,005,907	29,919,134
Losses	(Utilised)/ current	(37,916,270)	(2,254,210)
Expense	es not deductible for tax purposes	68,267	325,179
Overpa	yment in YA2020 27.5% instead of 25%	-	(4,696,428)
Income	exempt from corporation tax	(32,241,634)	(25,735,893)
Propert	•	17,914,851	14,608,033
Withho	4.4	1 207 575	
Deferre		1,387,575	1,893,605
Deterre	ed tax (credit)/Charge recognised	71,163 57,289,859	1,893,605 (729,262) 13,330,158

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 21. TAXATION (CONT'D)

#### Company Tax Losses to be Utilized / Carried Forward

The Trust accumulated tax losses of \$3,084,124,601 (2020- \$3,235,210,331) available to set off against future taxable profits.

#### 22. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year.

	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
Profit attributable to shareholders	374,733,767	106,346,378
Number of ordinary shares in issue and fully paid	7,500,000	7,500,000
Basic earnings per share	49.96	14.18

#### 23. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operating decisions.

Transactions carried out with related parties:

(i) Loan and Advances	2021	2020
Balance at end of year	G\$	G\$
(a) Staff Loans and mortgages	143,596,261	142,130,441
- Interest Rate Charged To:	5% - 8% p.a	5% - 8% p.a
(b) Director's Loan and Mortgages	131,233,114	56,421,044
(c) The following are transactions of common interest with the	e Trust:	
USA Global Export Company Ltd.	56,541,358	80,812,318
- Interest Rate Charged To:	10% p.a	10% p.a

The rates of interest and charges have been similar to transactions involving third parties in the normal course of business.

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
(i) Loan and Advances (Cont'd)	ΟΨ	<b></b>
(c) The following are transactions of common interest with	th the Trust:	
Stark Inc.	32,522,673	37,995,445
- Interest Rate Charged To:	8% p.a	8% p.a
Keith Evelyn Investments	59,681,459	59,681,459
- Interest Rate Charged To:	7.5% p.a	7.5% p.a
The rates of interest and charges have been similar to transnormal course of business.	nsactions involving third	parties in the
(ii) Balances as at year end		
Due from/ (to)		
Hand in Hand Mutual Fire	479,738	977,428
	479,738	977,428
(iii) Directors' Emoluments		
Emoluments including expenses paid in respect of service	es as directors:	
Paul Chan-A-Sue-Chairman	1,146,336	1,146,336
Charles R. Quintin	453,828	907,656
Ian A. Mc Donald	907,656	907,656
Allan Parris	907,656	907,656
Troy Cadogan	907,656	907,656
	4,323,132	4,776,960
(iv) Compensation of key management personnel		
The remuneration paid to key management personnel dur	ing the year were as follo	ws:
	86,818,939	81,764,846

#### 24. CONTINGENT MATTERS

#### (i) Ligitation Matters

As at 31 December, 2021 there was no legal matter outstanding against the Trust. However, there were several legal matters brought by the Trust that is currently ongoing in the High Court.

#### (ii) APUA Investment

The Trust have an outstanding balance of US\$45,256.59 to be collect from Trustees (RBC Trust).

#### 25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (i) Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign currency exposure arises from the Trust's holding of foreign denomination assets and liabilities. Management reviews and manages the risk of unfavourable exchange rate movement by constant monitoring of market trends.

To further mitigate against foreign exchange risk, the Trust maintains a large percentage of its foreign - denominated assets and liabilities in stable currencies.

The aggregate amount of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are:

	2021	2020
Assets	G\$	G\$
United States Dollars - \$8,196,239.69 ( 2020 - \$7,108,563)	1,745,799,055	1,514,123,835

#### Foreign Currency sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Trust's sensitivity to a 1% decrease in the Guyana dollar against balances denominated in foreign currencies.

The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 1% change in foreign currency rates.

A positive number indicates an increase in profit where foreign currencies strengthens 1% against the G\$ and for a 1% weakening of the foreign currencies against G\$ there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit and the balances would be negative.

Profit	17,457,991	15,141,238

#### 25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

#### (ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Trust is exposed to certain risks associated with fluctuations in the prevailing levels of interest rates. These risks arise from movements in interest rates where the Trust's assets and liabilities have varying repricing dates.

The Trust's management continually manages these risks by constantly monitoring trends in the market and by implementing relevant strategies to hedge against any adverse movements.

#### (iii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trust will be unable to honour cash outflow commitments as they fall due. These commitments are generally met through cash flows, supplemented by assets readily convertible to cash or through the Trust's capacity to borrow on the inter-bank market. The Trust has, for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, consistently exceeded the statutory requirements for liquid assets as set out by the Bank of Guyana.

#### (iv) Credit risk

The Trust takes on exposure to credit risks which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. The Trust manages the level of credit risk it undertakes by planning limits on the amount of risk accepted in relation to one borrower, or group of borrowers and to industry segments.

The ability of borrowers to meet interest and capital repayments is managed by review of each borrower's circumstances, as stipulated in the Bank of Guyana Supervision Guidelines 5 & 6, Financial Institutions Act, 1995, Credit Reporting Act No. 9 of 2010 and Credit Reporting Act No. 2 of 2016. Credit risk is further restricted by securing adequate collateral.

#### **Management of Loans**

The granting of credit through loans and advances are one of the Trust's major source of income and entails significant risk.

The Trust therefore expends considerable resources towards controlling it effectively including a specialized credit department responsible for reviewing loan applications and monitoring loan facilities within policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors.

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

#### (iv) Credit risk (Cont'd)

#### Management of Loans (Cont'd)

In executing its lending activities, the following measures are relied upon to mitigate the risk of default:

- (a) Credit applications are initially reviewed by an officer of the Trust's Credit Department relating to the purpose of the loan, the applicant's financial standing and collateral offered as security, and ability to service the loan.
- **(b)** The Trust usually requires collateral be lodged, and has established policies that guide its loan ceiling to a value based on the type of collateral lodged. During the review of the loan application, an independent valuation of collateral is obtained, where possible.
- (c) Loans are generally collateralised with some of all of the following:

Cash

Mortgages

Bill of Sale

Promissory notes

Guarrantors

Assignment of salary or proceeds

**Debentures** 

Assignment of Insurance Policies

- (d) Any recommended loan applications are then subject to the approval from either senior management, credit committee and the Board of Directors, based on pre-set levels applicable.
- (e) The Credit Department is required to carry out weekly and monthly reviews of any past due or impaired loans.
- (f) Independent valuations of collateral lodged against loan facilities are carried out every three (3) years with at least one Manager's valuation within the three year period for all material credits with balances or authorized limits of \$50 million and over.
- (g) Compliance with the 'single borrower' or 'group borrower's' limit are carried out as set out in the Financial Institution Act (1995) and other regulatory guidelines and the Trust's own prudential judgements.

#### 25. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd)

#### (iv) Credit risk (Cont'd)

Credit quality per category of financial assets

#### Loans receivables

In assessing the credit quality of loans, the Trust adheres to the requirements set out by the Bank of Guyana Supervision Guidelines and Financial Institutions Act 1995. The following information is based on these requirements.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	G\$	G\$
Current	5,584,758,948	4,830,241,750
Pass due but not impaired	1,252,659,498	1,340,860,897
Impaired	579,012,863	773,728,505
	7,416,431,309	6,944,831,152
Pass Due but not Impaired	1,252,659,498	1,340,860,897
Pass due more than 1 year	265,622,460	402,261,293
	1,518,281,958	1,743,122,190

#### Renegotiated Loans.

The carrying amounts of all renegotiated loans aggregated to:

The earlying amounts of an renegotiated loans aggregated to.	2021 G\$	2020 G\$	
Renegotiated loans	94,189,776	135,832,059	

Renegotiations are usually considered upon request or where it is judged that a defaulting borrower will be better able to service outstanding debt under revised conditions.

The renegotiation were primarily refinancing of facilities or rescheduling of payments.

### HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 25. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd)

#### (v) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meets its commitments associated with financial instruments.

#### **Liquidity Risk Tables**

		Maturing							
		2021							
			Within 1 year				_		
	Average								
	Interest			<u>Due 3 - 12</u>					
	rate	On demand	Due in 3 months	months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	<u>Total</u>		
Assets	%	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$		
Investments	3.78	-	290,359,991	300,000,000	100,353,864	1,312,504,116	2,003,217,971		
Loans (net)	8.50	384,083,883	3,261,614	971,084,904	2,116,059,076	3,919,149,267	7,393,638,744		
Properties on Hand		-	-	104,607,725	-	-	104,607,725		
Interest Receivables	3.75	-	876,967	3,459,228	-	-	4,336,195		
Receivables and Prepayment	ts	-	-	97,429,475	-	-	97,429,475		
Related Parties		479,738	-	-	-	-	479,738		
Cash on Hand and at Bank	1.05	24,270,407	361,522,121	289,217,696	72,304,424	-	747,314,648		
Cash at Bank of Guyana		205,569,087	44,962,457	647,490,001	75,262,304	-	973,283,849		
		614,403,115	700,983,150	2,413,289,029	2,363,979,668	5,231,653,383	11,324,308,345		
Liabilities									
Customers' Deposits	1.51	1,713,075,724	929,749,176	5,395,750,005	627,185,868	_	8,665,760,773		
Payables and Accruals		-	-	6,862,833	213,417,747	_	220,280,580		
Taxation		-	-	55,268,475	-	-	55,268,475		
		1,713,075,724	929,749,176	5,457,881,313	840,603,615	-	8,941,309,828		
Net assets/(liabilities)		(1,098,672,609)	(228,766,026)	(3,044,592,284)	1,523,376,053	5,231,653,383	2,382,998,517		

#### 25. Financial Risk Management - cont'd

#### (v) Liquidity Risk - cont'd

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meets its commitments associated with financial instruments.

#### **Liquidity Risk Tables**

Maturing

	•							
				202	0			
	•		Within 1 year					
Assets	Average Interest rate	On demand G\$	Due in 3 months G\$	Due 3 - 12 <u>months</u> G\$	1 to 5 years G\$	Over 5 years G\$	<u>Total</u> G\$	
Investments	4.73	-	237,585,820	47,674,009	306,000,431	1,616,192,003	2,207,452,263	
Loans (net)	10.39	165,455,060	147,771,500	808,352,541	1,690,865,978	4,045,503,273	6,857,948,352	
Properties on Hand		-	-	44,560,895	-	-	44,560,895	
Interest Receivables	5.85	-	5,687,780	8,879,436	-	-	14,567,216	
Receivables and Prepaymen	nts	-	-	62,555,691	-	-	62,555,691	
Related Parties		977,428	-	-	-	-	977,428	
Cash on Hand and at Bank	1.05	22,720,185	185,784,513	148,627,610	37,156,903	-	394,289,211	
Cash at Bank of Guyana		203,769,715	46,993,099	658,646,450	1,609,879	-	911,019,143	
·	•	392,922,388	623,822,712	1,779,296,633	2,035,633,190	5,661,695,276	10,493,370,199	
Liabilities								
Customers' Deposits	1.87	1,698,080,957	1,204,841,068	5,488,720,419	13,415,655	-	8,405,058,099	
Payables and Accruals		-	-	-	138,958,838	-	138,958,838	
Taxation		-	-	14,608,033	-	-	14,608,033	
	•	1,698,080,957	1,204,841,068	5,503,328,452	152,374,493	-	8,558,624,970	
Net assets/(liabilities)		(1,305,158,569)	(581,018,355)	(3,724,031,820)	1,883,258,697	5,661,695,276	1,934,745,229	

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 25. Financial Risk Management - cont'd

#### (vi) Market Risk

(ii) Interest rate risk-cont'd

#### **Interest Rate Risk Tables**

				Maturing					
	-			2021	2021				
	Average		Within 1 to 5		Non- interest				
	Interest Rate	Within 1 year	<u>years</u>	Over 5 years	<b>Bearing</b>	<u>Total</u>			
Assets	%	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$			
Investment Securities	3.78	590,359,991	100,353,864	135,575,912	1,176,928,204	2,003,217,971			
Loans (net)	8.50	1,358,430,401	2,116,059,076	3,919,149,267	-	7,393,638,744			
Properties on Hand		-	-	-	104,607,725	104,607,725			
Interest Receivables	3.75	4,336,195		-	-	4,336,195			
Receivables and Prepayments		97,429,475	-	-	-	97,429,475			
Related Parties		479,738	-	-	-	479,738			
Cash on Hand and at Bank	1.05	675,010,224	72,304,424	-	-	747,314,648			
Cash at Bank of Guyana		898,021,545	75,262,304	-	-	973,283,849			
	- -	3,624,067,569	2,363,979,668	4,054,725,179	1,281,535,929	11,324,308,345			
Liabilities									
Customers' Deposits	1.51	8,038,574,905	627,185,868	-	_	8,665,760,773			
Payables and Accruals		220,280,580	- -	-	_	220,280,580			
Taxation		55,268,475	-	-	_	55,268,475			
	-	8,314,123,960	627,185,868	-	-	8,941,309,828			
Interest sensitivity gap		(4,690,056,391)	1,736,793,800	4,054,725,179					

### HAND IN HAND TRUST CORPORATION INC. (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 25. Financial Risk Management - cont'd

#### (vi) Market Risk

(ii) Interest rate risk-cont'd

#### **Interest Rate Risk Tables**

	_	Maturing						
	_		2020					
	Average		Within 1 to 5	Non- interest				
	Interest Rate	Within 1 year	<u>years</u>	Over 5 years	<b>Bearing</b>	<u>Total</u>		
Assets	%	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$		
Investment Securities	4.73	285,259,829	329,147,883	384,195,500	1,208,849,051	2,207,452,263		
Loans (net)	10.39	1,121,579,101	1,690,865,978	4,045,503,273	-	6,857,948,352		
Properties on Hand		-	-	-	44,560,895	44,560,895		
Interest Receivables	5.85	14,567,216		-	-	14,567,216		
Receivables and Prepayments		62,555,691	-	-	-	62,555,691		
Related Parties		977,428	-	-	-	977,428		
Cash on Hand and at Bank	1.05	357,132,308	37,156,903	-	-	394,289,211		
Cash at Bank of Guyana		909,409,264	1,609,879	-	-	911,019,143		
	- -	2,751,480,837	2,058,780,643	4,429,698,773	1,253,409,946	10,493,370,199		
Liabilities								
Customers' Deposits	1.87	8,391,642,444	13,415,655	-	-	8,405,058,099		
Payables and Accruals		138,958,838	, , -	-	-	138,958,838		
Taxation		14,608,033	-	-	-	14,608,033		
	- -	8,545,209,315	13,415,655	-	-	8,558,624,970		
Interest sensitivity gap	_	(5,793,728,478)	2,045,364,988	4,429,698,773				

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### Analysis of Financial Assets and liabilities by measurement basis

26. 2021 <u>Assets</u>	Held to Collect G\$	Held for Trading G\$	Loans and Receivables G\$	Other assets and liabilities at amortized cost G\$	Total G\$
Investment Securities	786,241,636	1,176,928,204	-	-	1,963,169,840
Loan and Advances	-	-	7,393,638,744	-	7,393,638,744
Properties on hand	-	-	-	104,607,725	104,607,725
Cash on hand and at bank	-	-	-	747,314,648	747,314,648
Cash at bank of Guyana	-	-	-	973,283,849	973,283,849
Interest Receivables	-	-	4,336,198	-	4,336,198
Related Party	-	-	479,738	-	479,738
Receivables and Prepayments	-	-	97,429,475	-	97,429,475
	786,241,636	1,176,928,204	7,495,884,155	1,825,206,222	11,284,260,217
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Customers' Deposit	-	_	_	8,665,760,773	8,665,760,773
Payables and Accurals	-	-	-	220,280,580	220,280,580
Taxation	-	-	-	55,268,475	55,268,475
	-	-	-	8,941,309,828	8,941,309,828

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### Analysis of Financial Assets and liabilities by measurement basis

26. 2020 <u>Assets</u>	Held to Collect G\$	Held for Trading G\$	Loans and Receivables G\$	Other assets and liabilities at amortized cost G\$	Total G\$
Investment Securities	1,208,849,050	998,603,213	-	-	2,207,452,263
Loan and Advances	-	-	6,857,948,352	-	6,857,948,352
Properties on hand	-	-	-	44,560,895	44,560,895
Cash on hand and at bank	-	-	-	394,289,211	394,289,211
Cash at bank of Guyana	-	-	-	911,019,143	911,019,143
Interest Receivables	-	-	14,567,216	-	14,567,216
Related Party	-	-	977,428	-	977,428
Receivables and Prepayments	-	-	62,555,691	-	62,555,691
	1,208,849,050	998,603,213	6,936,048,687	1,349,869,249	10,493,370,199
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Customers' Deposit	-	-	-	8,405,058,099	8,405,058,099
Payables and Accruals	-	-	-	138,958,838	138,958,838
Taxation	-	-	-	14,608,033	14,608,033
	-	-		8,558,624,970	8,558,624,970

27. CONCENTRATION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	2021 G\$	2020 G\$
Loan and Advances		
Mortgages - Commercial	2,209,217,251	2,239,556,641
- Domestic	1,867,248,805	1,951,366,225
- Low Income	133,672,036	99,519,094
- Other	2,403,610,093	1,793,610,131
- Car Loans	143,449,562	116,918,894
	6,757,197,747	6,200,970,985
Agriculture Sector	58,791,742	77,831,363
Manufacturing Sector	97,372,685	117,952,081
Construction Sector	390,565,370	492,885,586
Mining Sector	36,083,107	41,118,824
Drainage and Irrigation	135,712,415	14,075,313
	7,475,723,066	6,944,834,152
Loss Allowance on Loans and Advances	(82,084,322)	(86,885,800)
	7,393,638,744	6,857,948,352
Liabilities		
Customers' Deposits		
Fixed Deposits	6,952,685,049	6,706,977,142
Special Savings	1,713,075,724	1,698,080,957
	8,665,760,773	8,405,058,099

#### 28. Capital Risk Management

The Trust manages its capital structure on an on-going basis. As part of this review, management consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The capital structure of the Trust consist of equity, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings.

#### Capital Adequacy

The Trust also monitors its Capital Adequacy with reference to the risk based capital adequacy guidelines issued by the Bank of Guyana in keeping with the BASEL Convention. The guidelines evaluate Capital Adequacy based upon the perceived risk associated with balance sheet assets, as well as certain off balance sheet exposures, and stipulate a minimum ratio of qualifying capital (Tier 1 and Tier 11) to risk weighted assets of 8%.

Hand in Hand Trust Corporation Inc. remains well capitalised with the Trust's Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio standing at 29.60% and 26.30% as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 respectively.

Total Tier 1 and Tier 11 Capital was of risk adjusted assets as at 31 December 2021, compared 29.60% to 26.30 % at the end of the previous year.

#### Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at the year end was as follows:

The gearing ratio at the year end was as follows.	2021	2020
Debt(i)	8,665,760,773	8,405,058,099
Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,720,598,497)	(1,305,308,354)
Net Debt	6,945,162,276	7,099,749,745
Equity(ii)	2,380,833,385	1,980,371,239
Net debt to equity ratio	2.92	3.59

- (i) Debt is defined as long term and short term funds
- (ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Trust

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 29. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

This note provides information about how the Corporation determines fair values of various financial assets and liabilities.

(a) Fair value of Corporation's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Financial Assets	Fair value as at 31.12.2021	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Loan Receivables	\$9,979,666,583		The fair value of the loan receivables was estimated using the discounted amount of the estimate of future cash flows expected to be received under the income approach. Expected cash flows are discounted at the current market rates to determine the fair values.	N/A	N/A
Investments - Corporate Bonds	\$43,053,864	Level - 2	The fair values have been estimated by applying discounted cash flows analysis, using current market rates.	N/A	N/A
Investments - Equity	\$100,000	Level - 1	The fair value of the equity investments are based on current market value.	N/A	N/A
Investments - Equity	\$1,176,828,204	Level - 3	The fair value of the equity investments are based on the exit price that will be received from market participants.	Management has intention to use the asset for strategic purpose and the exit price is still appropriate to fair value.	N/A

### (A Member of the Hand - In - Hand Group of Companies) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 29. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Cont'd)

Except as detailed in the following table, the Directors consider that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

**(b)** Fair value of Corporation's financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis (but fair value disclosures are required):

	2021		
	Carrying amount	Fair Value	
Assets	G\$	G\$	
Property and Equipment	27,983,715	27,983,715	
Intangible Assets	907,260	907,260	
Receivables and Prepayments	97,429,475	97,429,475	
Related Parties	479,738	479,738	
Properties on Hand	104,607,725	104,607,725	
Interest Receivable	4,336,198	4,336,198	
Cash Resources	1,720,598,497	1,720,598,497	
	1,956,342,608	1,956,342,608	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Customers' Deposits	8,665,760,773	8,665,760,773	
Payables and Accruals	220,280,580	220,280,580	
	8,886,041,353	8,886,041,353	

#### (c) Cash Resources and Other Assets

The carrying value of cash resources and other assets approximate to fair value given their short term nature.

#### (d) Customers' Deposits

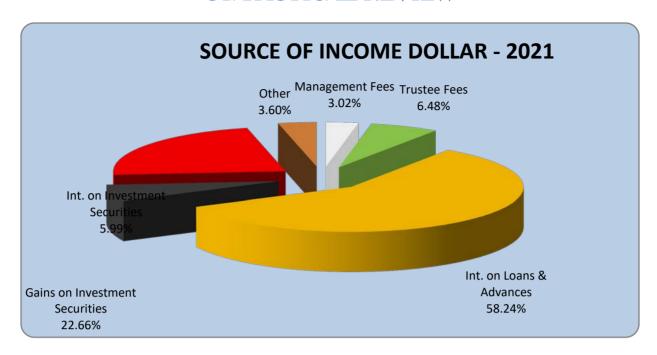
The fair value of deposits with no stated maturity is the amount payable on demand. The fair value of fixed term, interest bearing deposits approximate to carrying amount given their short maturity period.

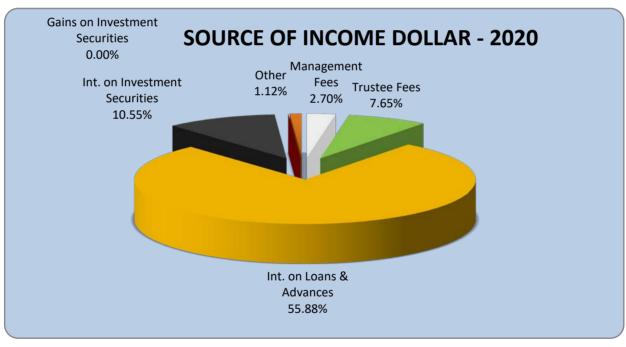
#### (e) Trade Payables

The carrying value of trade payables approximate to fair value given their short term nature.

(f) There were no transfer between levels in the current year.

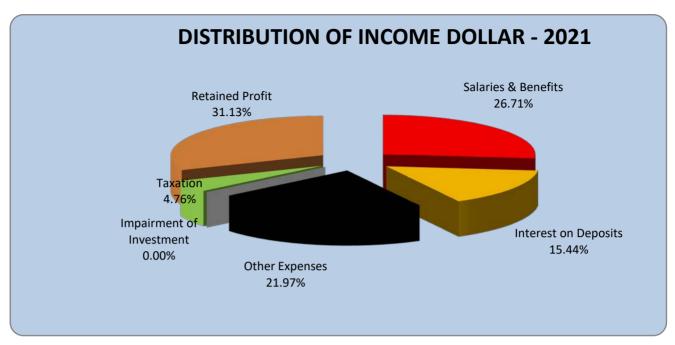
#### STATISTICAL REVIEW

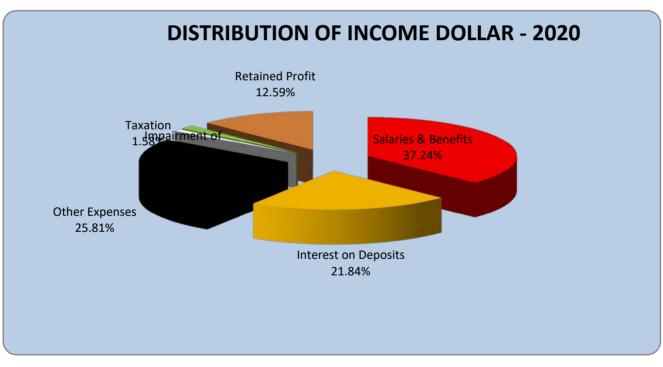




	2021 AMOUNT G\$ (M)	%	<u>2020</u> AMOUNT G\$ (M)	%
Management Fees	36.38	3.02	22.8	2.70
Trustee Fees	78.06	6.48	64.6	7.65
Int. on Loans & Advances	701.12	58.24	658.9	77.99
Int. on Investment Securities	72.12	5.99	89.1	10.55
Gains on Investment Securities	272.77	22.66	0.0	0.00
Other	43.37	3.60	9.5	1.12
TOTAL	1203.82	100.00	844.9	100.00

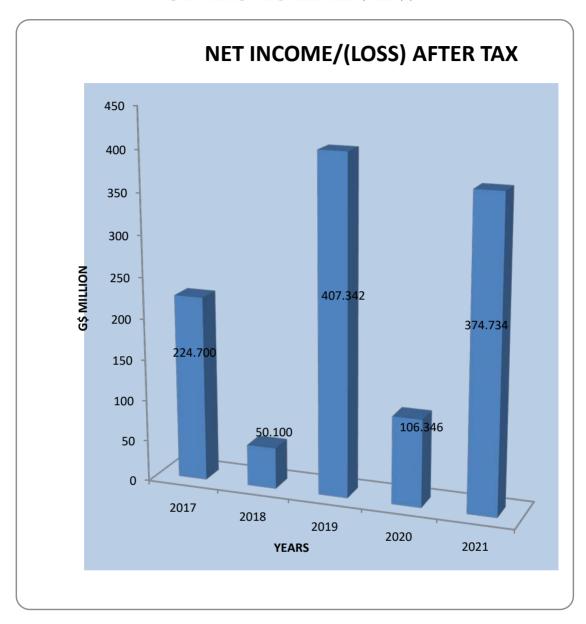
#### **STATISTICAL REVIEW**





YEAR	2021 AMOUNT G\$ (M)	%	<u>2020</u> AMOUNT G\$ (M)	%
Salaries & Benefits	321.49	26.71	314.59	37.24
Interest on Deposits	185.84	15.44	184.50	21.84
Other Expenses	264.46	21.97	218.05	25.81
Impairment of Investment			8.00	0.94
Taxation	57.30	4.76	13.33	1.58
Retained Profit	374.73	31.13	106.35	12.59
TOTAL	1,203.82	100.00	844.82	100.00

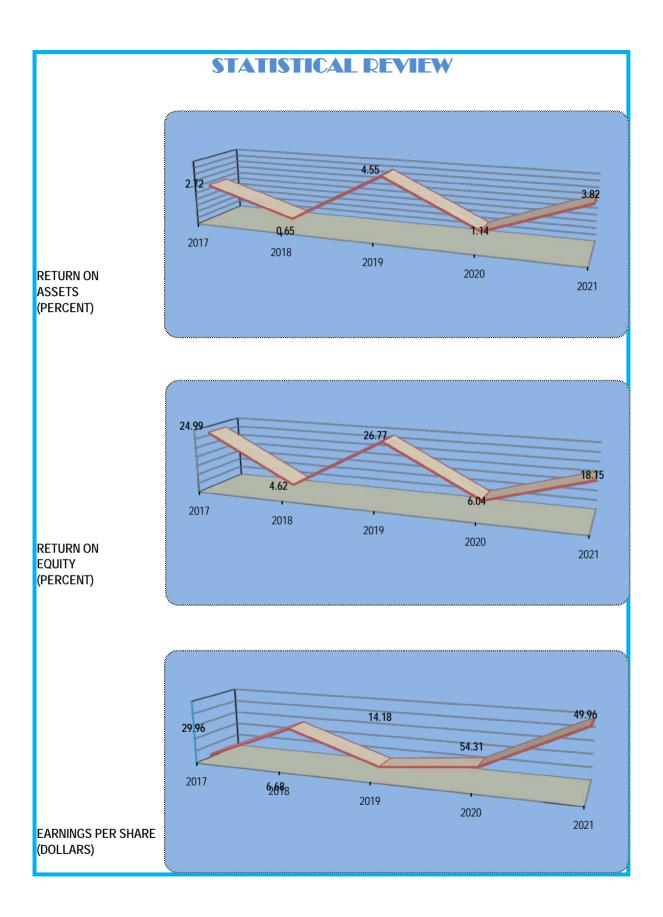
#### **STATISTICAL REVIEW**



YEAR	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
AMOUNT G\$ (M)	224.700	50.100	407.342	106.346	374.734

#### STATISTICAL DEVIEW

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF EARNINGS						
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
Interest Income	740,738,671	721,393,135	735,025,703	621,740,679	667,565,748	
LESS: Interest Expenses	185,843,251	184,504,139	184,235,085	183,905,092	255,088,273	
Interest Differential	554,895,420	536,888,996	550,790,618	437,835,587	412,477,475	
Other Operating Income	190,318,421	123,423,646	168,220,487	125,293,891	122,188,063	
Total Operating Income						
LESS: Interest Expenses	745,213,841	660,312,642	719,011,105	563,129,478	534,665,538	
Salaries & Staff Benefits	321,487,716	314,589,442	285,449,755	123,687,505	221,082,264	
Other Operating Expenses	150,052,467	137,709,448	215,220,957	259,570,406	120,246,587	
Increase/Reduction in loss provisions	114,413,496	76,571,676	2,566,018	93,152,373	(97,685,804)	
Total Operating Expenses	585,953,679	528,870,566	503,236,730	476,410,284	243,643,047	
Profit / (Loss) before Impairment of Inves		, ,			, ,	
Impairment of investments	159,260,162	131,442,076	215,774,375	86,719,194	291,022,491	
LESS: Impairment of Investments	75,584,417	19,348,674	36,737,440	38,879,493	29,753,245	
Taxation	57,289,859	13,330,158	66,682,100	12,918,280	36,535,014	
Profit /(Loss) for the period	26,385,886	98,763,244	112,354,835	34,921,421	224,734,232	
Gain/(Loss) on revaluation of asset	348,347,881	7,583,134	294,986,805	15,175,129	6,964,777	
NET INCOME	374,733,767	106,346,378	407,341,640	50,096,550	231,699,009	
=						
	FIVE YEAR	GROWTH RE	CORD			
ASSETS	FIVE YEAR 2021	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	
ASSETS Fixed Assets				<b>2018</b> 31,683,311	<b>2017</b> 33,292,120	
	2021	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u></u>		
Fixed Assets	<b>2021</b> 28,890,975	<b>2020</b> 36,562,826	<b>2019</b> 27,955,940	31,683,311	33,292,120	
Fixed Assets Investments	<b>2021</b> 28,890,975 9,461,416,309	<b>2020</b> 36,562,826 9,109,961,510	<b>2019</b> 27,955,940 8,901,258,489	31,683,311 8,290,481,825	33,292,120 7,541,510,026	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets	2021 28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929	<b>2020</b> 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873	2019 27,955,940 8,901,258,489 1,480,370,397	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS	2021 28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929	<b>2020</b> 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873	2019 27,955,940 8,901,258,489 1,480,370,397	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES	2021 28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213	<b>2020</b> 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209	2019 27,955,940 8,901,258,489 1,480,370,397 10,409,584,826	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES  Customers' Deposits	2021 28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213 8,665,760,773	2020 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209 8,405,058,099	2019 27,955,940 8,901,258,489 1,480,370,397 10,409,584,826	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143 8,184,322,105	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404 7,232,920,408	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES  Customers' Deposits Other Liabilities	2021 28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213 8,665,760,773 275,549,055	2020 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209 8,405,058,099 153,566,871	2019 27,955,940 8,901,258,489 1,480,370,397 10,409,584,826 8,404,128,772 164,887,270	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143 8,184,322,105 157,187,288	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404 7,232,920,408 181,585,219	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES  Customers' Deposits Other Liabilities Share Capital	2021 28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213 8,665,760,773 275,549,055 750,000,000	2020 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209 8,405,058,099 153,566,871 750,000,000	2019 27,955,940 8,901,258,489 1,480,370,397 10,409,584,826 8,404,128,772 164,887,270 750,000,000	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143 8,184,322,105 157,187,288 750,000,000	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404 7,232,920,408 181,585,219 750,000,000	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES  Customers' Deposits Other Liabilities Share Capital Retained Earnings	2021 28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213 8,665,760,773 275,549,055 750,000,000 1,041,644,679	2020 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209 8,405,058,099 153,566,871 750,000,000 723,120,977	2019  27,955,940  8,901,258,489  1,480,370,397  10,409,584,826  8,404,128,772  164,887,270  750,000,000  66,461,466	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143 8,184,322,105 157,187,288 750,000,000 (123,517,915)	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404 7,232,920,408 181,585,219 750,000,000 (135,685,738)	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES  Customers' Deposits Other Liabilities Share Capital Retained Earnings Other Reserves TOTAL LIABILITIES	28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213  8,665,760,773 275,549,055 750,000,000 1,041,644,679 589,188,706 11,322,143,213	2020 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209 8,405,058,099 153,566,871 750,000,000 723,120,977 507,250,262 10,538,996,209	2019  27,955,940  8,901,258,489  1,480,370,397  10,409,584,826  8,404,128,772  164,887,270  750,000,000  66,461,466  228,233,896  9,613,711,404	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143 8,184,322,105 157,187,288 750,000,000 (123,517,915) 186,514,268 9,154,505,746	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404  7,232,920,408 181,585,219 750,000,000 (135,685,738) 183,818,442 8,212,638,331	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES  Customers' Deposits Other Liabilities Share Capital Retained Earnings Other Reserves TOTAL LIABILITIES  Return on Assets (%)	2021  28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213  8,665,760,773 275,549,055 750,000,000 1,041,644,679 589,188,706 11,322,143,213  3.82	2020  36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209  8,405,058,099 153,566,871 750,000,000 723,120,977 507,250,262 10,538,996,209	2019  27,955,940  8,901,258,489  1,480,370,397  10,409,584,826  8,404,128,772  164,887,270  750,000,000  66,461,466  228,233,896  9,613,711,404	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143 8,184,322,105 157,187,288 750,000,000 (123,517,915) 186,514,268 9,154,505,746	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404 7,232,920,408 181,585,219 750,000,000 (135,685,738) 183,818,442 8,212,638,331	
Fixed Assets Investments Other Assets TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES  Customers' Deposits Other Liabilities Share Capital Retained Earnings Other Reserves TOTAL LIABILITIES	28,890,975 9,461,416,309 1,831,835,929 11,322,143,213  8,665,760,773 275,549,055 750,000,000 1,041,644,679 589,188,706 11,322,143,213	2020 36,562,826 9,109,961,510 1,392,471,873 10,538,996,209 8,405,058,099 153,566,871 750,000,000 723,120,977 507,250,262 10,538,996,209	2019  27,955,940  8,901,258,489  1,480,370,397  10,409,584,826  8,404,128,772  164,887,270  750,000,000  66,461,466  228,233,896  9,613,711,404	31,683,311 8,290,481,825 1,331,043,007 9,653,208,143 8,184,322,105 157,187,288 750,000,000 (123,517,915) 186,514,268 9,154,505,746	33,292,120 7,541,510,026 2,038,909,258 9,613,711,404  7,232,920,408 181,585,219 750,000,000 (135,685,738) 183,818,442 8,212,638,331	



#### PROXY

The undersigned Shareholder	of Hand-in-Hand	Trust Corporation	Inc. hereby appoints
Mr/Mrs		_	
of (address)		_	
or failing him/her (Mr/Mrs)			
of (address)		_	
as nominee of the undersigned to a	attend and act for the u	ndersigned and on be	half of the undersigned at
the 20th Annual General Meeting	of the said Corporation	n to be held on <b>Thurs</b>	s <b>day, June 02, 2022</b> and at
any adjournments thereof in the s	same manner, to the sa	ame extent and with t	the same powers as if the
undersigned were present at the s	said meeting or such a	djournments thereof.	
Dated this day of	f, 2022		
To be valid, this proxy form must l	be completed and dep	osited at the Registere	d Office of the Company,
62 – 63 Middle Street, North Cump	ningsburg, Georgetow	n, not less than forty-e	ight hours before the time
for holding the meeting or adjourn	ned meeting.		
(Note: Saturdays and Holidays are	e to be excluded when	determining the forty	-eight hour period.)
Signature of Shareholder	Signatur	e of Shareholder	
Printed Name of Shareholder	Printed 1	Name of Shareholder	

# Property Management is Our Business!

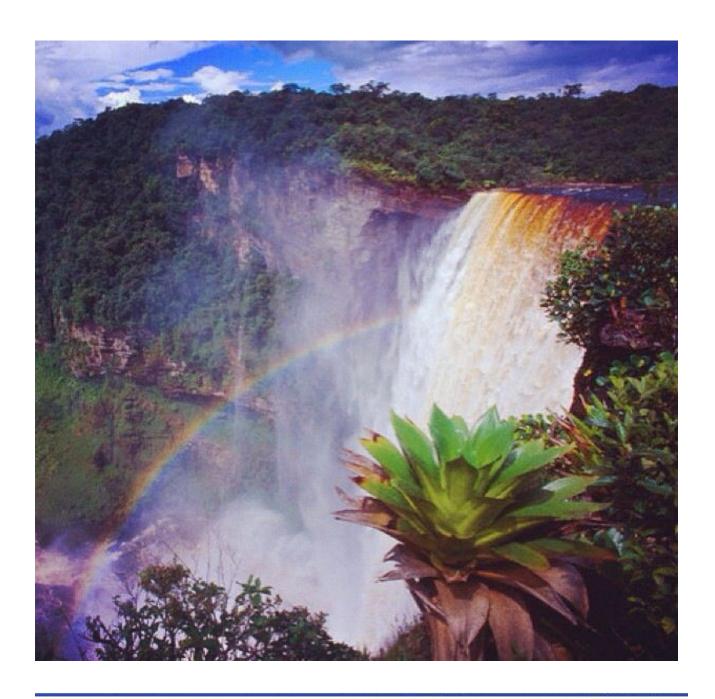


Do you have a property that needs to be managed in Guyana?

Contact us at



62 - 63 Middle Street, North Cummingsburg, Georgetown Tel: 226-0424, 227-1750, 226-9781-4 Email: trustco@gol.net.gy





62-63 Middle Street, North Cummingsburg, Georgetown, Guyana Tel: (592) 226-9781-4. Fax: (592) 226-9971 Email: trustco@gol.net.gy Website: www.handinhandtrust.com